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Tiffany
(P. A. F.)



ALL AMERICA HYBRID TEA
WINNER FOR 1955

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CITRUS TREES

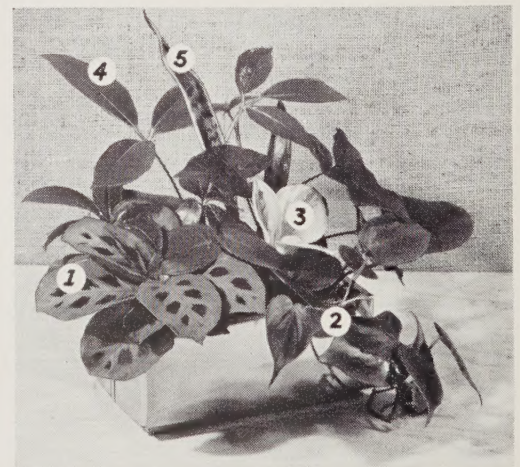
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Tubbed PATIO PLANTS and INDOOR FOLIAGE PLANTS



(1) Cocos Palm; (2) Aralia; (3) Variegated Peperomia.

Foliage plants adaptable to indoor growing bring the freshness of nature's beauty into your living area. We have them in wide selection, along with many types and sizes of planters styled for the home. Using soil, specially prepared to meet indoor growing demands, we will be glad to make up plants — singly or in groups — in the planter or planters of your choice. Let us show you what can be done at moderate cost. You'll be pleasantly surprised!



(1) Prayer plant (Maranta); (2) Philodendron cordatum; (3) Variegated Peperomia; (4) Aralia; (5) Sansevieria.

Capital Quality . . . the finest nursery stock that's grown



Here is an eleven acre display of trees, shrubs, roses, vines, and bedding plants ready to add beauty to your garden. The Armstrong brothers have designed Capital Nursery to give you a year-'round selection of quality nursery stock, from bedding plants to trees — and with all the supplementary services that will help make your gardening a pleasant and rewarding experience.



You are invited to make full use of CAPITAL's many services—

DELIVERY

Our enclosed delivery vans cover the city of Sacramento daily, Monday through Saturday. Deliveries to the North and East suburban areas are made each Tuesday and Friday; to West Sacramento areas Mondays and Thursdays.

CHARGE ACCOUNTS

Your charge account is welcomed, and we have reduced the details of opening an account to a speedy minimum.

GARDENING QUESTIONS

You'll find our staff ready and willing to answer your questions, and to help you solve your gardening problems. If you'll bring us the facts we can usually be of assistance.

PLANTER SERVICE

The large selection of planter and dish-garden plants will dress up your present planter, or a new one selected from our supply. Either way, we'll gladly plant them for you.

LANDSCAPE SERVICE

Capital's landscape service extends throughout northern California, and ranges from landscaping average city lots to country estates.

Our staff of Landscape Consultants is trained to plan and design any planting project; large or small. Telephone or call in person for full information.

SHIPPING SERVICE

Bare-root roses and bulbs are shipped anywhere in California. Many gallon container plants can be shipped, too, and the packing and shipping charges are reasonable.

GARDEN SHOP

The Garden Shop and the adjacent green house offer a large and complete selection of bulbs, seeds, tools, insecticides, fertilizers, planters, indoor plants and many other items for your garden.

HOURS

Capital Nursery is open seven days a week from 8:00 in the morning until 5:30 in the evening, the full year 'round. You are always welcome.



Capital Nursery

4700 FREEPORT BLVD. SACRAMENTO, CALIF

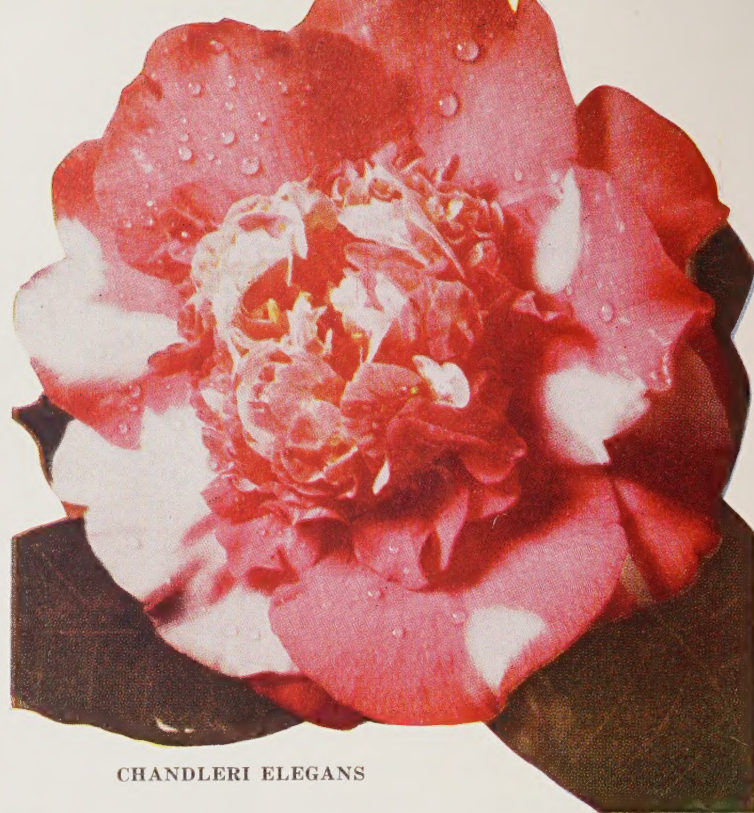
NON-WARRANTY CLAUSE

Seller gives no warranty, express or implied, as to the variety or productivity of any seeds, bulbs or nursery stock it sells. Liability in all instances is limited to the purchase price. No liability is assumed by the seller for delay or failure to deliver caused by war, strikes, fires, floods, droughts, embargoes or any other contingencies beyond seller's control. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms they are to be returned.

See **WHAT, WHERE and WHEN TO PLANT** on page 12



FINLANDIA VARIEGATED

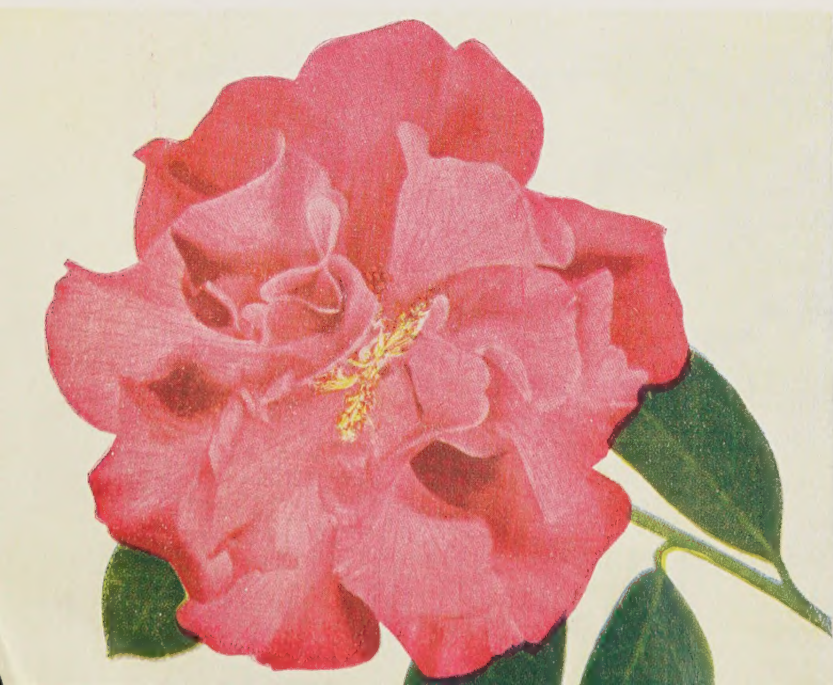


CHANDLERI ELEGANS



▲ JOSHUA YOUTZ

▼ RETICULATA



CAMELLIAS-

E—Early
M—Medium
L—Late

Prices: 1-gal. cans, 2 year old, \$2.50 and up; 5-gal. \$6.00 and up.

WHITE

ALBA PLENA. Snowy white, large and formal. Lovely flowers resemble open water lilies with rounded petals. Excellent deep green foliage. E.

ALBA FIMBRIATA. A large formal double with white fringed petals. Slow growing and bushy spreading growth. E.

FINLANDIA. Popular semi-double white of exceptional beauty. The porcelain texture of the petals is beautiful with the yellow of the stamens. M.

JOSHUA A. YOUTZ (White Daikagura). This is an outstanding camellia with blossoms of pure white. Full peony form to formal double, larger than its parent, the Daikagura. Outstanding foliage and early blooming. E.

PAX. A favorite formal white camellia. It is a large, flat formal double, with vigorous growing habits. M-L.

PURITY. Pure white, large, perfectly symmetrical flowers, fully double, showing stamens when fully open. One of the finest. Makes a beautiful corsage. Vigorous and upright. L.

SHIRO-CHAN. Imagine a gleaming white C. M. Wilson and you know Shiro-Chan. Anemone-like bloom of impressive size and form, enhanced by beautiful, long, pointed, dark green foliage. E-M.

RED

COLONEL FIREY. You will be entranced with this beauty. Very double and very bright red, large, formal, symmetrical flower. L.

DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER. Large double red. Fine foliage.

ELENA NOBLE. Medium size double flame red flowers show a few stamens in the center. Free flowering variety of exceptional merit. L.

EMPEROR OF RUSSIA. One of the more unusual red camellias. Large outer petals appear to enclose two or three smaller center petals. Bright scarlet. M.

FIMBRIATA SUPERBA (Fred Lander). Large, semi-double crimson flowers with curled and fimbriated petals. Growth upright, compact, vigorous. M-L.

GLEN 40. Large fully double flowers with rounded overlapping petals, the bright red color enhanced by salmon undertones. M-L.

MATHOTIANA (Julia Drayton). Huge flowers, often 7 inches across, are uniformly brilliant scarlet, beautifully veined. Double with high pointed center. Very fine. M-L.

MRS. CHARLES COBB. Dark coppery red. Large, semi-double to loose peony form.

POPE PIUS IX. Large double red flowers. Good growth, light colored foliage. One of the best in our list. M.

PROFESSOR SARGENT. An unusual bright scarlet camellia with a full round peony-type center. The outer petals in a single row; round in shape. M.



COLONEL FIREY

for Value and Beauty

PINK

C. M. WILSON. Outstanding pale blush pink sport of Chandleri Elegans. E to M.

DEBUTANTE. One of the most lovely camellias, especially for corsages. Flowers 2 to 4 inches across, fully double with loose, gracefully twisted petals of delicate light pink, lighter toward the edges. E-M.

ELEANOR HAGOOD. Blush pink, formal double of medium size that lightens with age in the center. Compact and upright. L.

HIGH HAT. Delicate pink peony type. High Hat is an upright grower with beautiful large dark green foliage and large double pink flowers with small petaloids in center. E-M.

LALLAROOK (Laurel Leaf). Named for its large, laurel-like foliage, it has very lovely pink flowers, too, over four inches across, fully double with imbricated petals. M-L.

MRS. TINGLEY. No finer pink in existence. Exquisite formal, salmon pink of medium size. Compact bush. M-L.

PINK BALL. Peony-form flowers are soft pink, pompon centered. M.

PINK PERFECTION. This long season bloomer is universally known. Used so much for a corsage flower. Free-blooming, fully double with closely and neatly arranged petals. Soft pink shade, formal. E-L.

RETICULATA. Huge semi-double deep pink blooms with ruffled, irregular petals. Popular. L.

ROSE

GOV. EARL WARREN. Double pink of large loose rose form. Golden stamens. Heavy blooming. M-L.

GRANDIFLORA ROSEA (Lady Clare). One of the finest deep pink semi-double camellias. Salmon rose to bright, deep pink. Very large, flat, semi-double stamens in center. Vigorous, compact, bushy growth with large, shining, pointed dark green foliage. M.

KUMASAKA (Lady Marion). The flowers are immense, irregular or often called informal — although they are double, the smaller petaloids are arranged among the petals in a delightful manner. Deep rose. M-L.

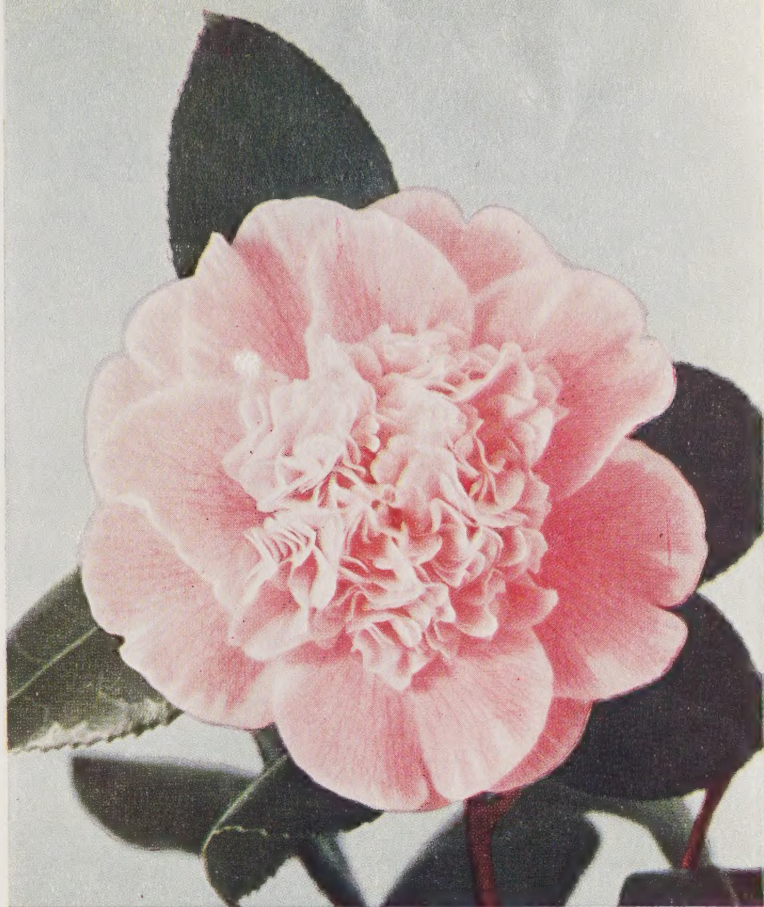
VARIEGATED

ADOLPHE AUDUSSON VAR. Large, heavy petaled semi-double, deep red mottled white.

CHANDLERI ELEGANS. Most beautiful of all. Also well named "Pride of the Emperor's Garden". Very large peony type flowers of good size, 4 or 5 inches across. Lovely soft rose with irregular markings. Long, pointed, dark green foliage. E-M.

EMPEROR WILHELM. One of the finest peony-types. Flowers of heavy wax-like texture, larger than Chandleri with broad rounded outer petals and tight center. Bright red marked and blotched with white. Rangy grower. M.

FINLANDIA VARIEGATA. Same as Finlandia (see Whites) but with wine-red variegation.



C. M. WILSON

DAIKAGURA. The first large-flowered camellia to bloom in late September or October is this large peony-type. Very beautiful with the twisted and curled petals in the center, surrounded by broad reflexed petals. Camellia-rose with white markings. E-M.

DONCKELARI. Bright, showy flowers of large size, semi-double with a few stamens at the center. The heavy textured petals are rich red with markings and marblings of white. Slow bushy growth. Excellent foliage. M.

HERME (Jordan's Pride). Delightfully fragrant flowers 5 to 6 inches across. Semi-double, petals large, broad, light pink with broad irregular border of white around each.

NAGASAKI. Nature has perfectly blended the finest peony-type camellias, larger than Chandleri, the broad rounded outer petals and tight center of petaloids of wax-like texture. Color bright red marked and blotched with white. M.

Sasanqua Varieties are Available.

ADOLPH AUDUSSON



Broadleaf EVERGREEN SHRUBS

Items in this section vary in price from \$1.25 and up, depending on the variety and the size selected. Larger sizes are priced from \$3.75.



ABELIA (Edward Goucher)

ABELIA

Abelia Edward Goucher. Its arching stems will be covered most of the year with delicate lavender pink flowers. It has bright glossy dark green leaves. Ideal for color in your garden. Medium height. Gal. can \$1.25.

Abelia Grandiflora. This easy to grow, graceful shrub has a place in every garden. Sun or shade. It will bloom for many months. Valuable for foundation, hedges or mass plantings. Bright glossy green leaves and rosy white fuchsia-like flowers throughout the summer. Hardy. Gal. can \$1.25.

FLOWERING MAPLE

Abutilon hybrids. Popular old-fashioned shrubs with maple-like leaves and cup-shaped flowers hanging all over the plants. In assorted colors, red, yellow, orange, and white. Sun or shade. Hardy. 25°. Gal. can \$1.25.

ANDROMEDA

Andromeda japonica (Pieris). Lily of the Valley bush. Low evergreen bush to 4 feet with wavy green foliage always neat and compact. Clusters of lily of the valley-like blossoms in early spring. Gal. can \$1.75.

ARALIA

Aralia papyrifera (Tetrapanax) (Rice Paper Plant). So called because in the Orient this native shrub of Formosa is being used for the making of rice paper. The lobed ovate leaves are a foot or more wide, heart shaped at base and whitish-wooly underneath. Flowers white and in round clusters. Likes sun or part shade. Gal. can \$1.50.

Aralia sieboldi (Fatsia japonica). Wonderful shrub for tropical effects. Bold glossy foliage. Makes an excellent tub plant. Hardy. Plant in partial shade. Gal. can \$1.50.

STRAWBERRY TREE

Arbutus unedo. This shrub interests everyone. Holly-like foliage, white, bell-shaped flowers and bright red fruit all from one shrub. Very easy to grow, stands abuse, poor soil and little attention. The fruit resembles large strawberries. Sun or shade. Will grow to 5 or 6 feet easily. Gal. can \$1.25.

Arbutus unedo nana. New and improved compact form of the above. Gal. can \$1.50.

GOLD DUST PLANT

Aucuba japonica variegata, Gold Dust Plant. Slow growing plant for shaded places or tubs. The large glossy pointed leaves are spotted or speckled with gold. Bright red berries in fall, provided pollinizer is planted nearby. Give plenty of water. Grows in the deepest shade where other plants fail. Hardy. Gal. can \$1.50.

Aucuba japonica, Green. Like the above, but the leaves are entirely green. Brilliant red berries in fall. Require shade and a pollinizer. Gal. \$1.50.

AZARA

Azara microphylla (Box Leaf Azara). Erect growing shrub with tiny box-like, toothed, dark green leaves. Glossy and attractive in this diminutive size. Flowers tiny. Recommended for planting against walls or espaliered for lace-like tracery of foliage and stems. Gal. \$1.50.

BARBERRY

Berberis Darwini. Small shrub with slender branches. Small glossy leaves in summer, bright red in winter. Orange colored flowers in February and March. Berries blue. Gal. \$1.50.

Berberis Thunbergi. See page 14.

BOTTLEBRUSH

Callistemon lanceolatus. Lovely polished green bush, growing to 8 feet, alive in summer with dazzling scarlet bottlebrush-like blooms. Even the new spring growth of foliage is deep pink to scarlet. Gal. \$1.50.



ANDROMEDA JAPONICA (Pieris)

BOUVARDIA

Bouvardia Albatross. Handsome low growing shrub with spreading slender branches of green foliage. Fragrant waxy white flowers, have exceptionally long tubes and four flaring petals. Last well when cut. Trim back to encourage new growth and flowers. Sun or part shade. 27°. Gal. \$1.50.

Varieties with pink and coral flowers available.

BOXWOODS

Available in flats for hedge planting.

Buxus japonica, Japanese Box. Best taller growing Box for California. Rounded, glossy green leaves and lush dense growth. Always neat and attractive. Trimmed specimens available. Sun or shade. Hardy. Gal. \$1.00. Flat of approx. 100, \$8.00.

Buxus sempervirens (English Boxwood). This is a handsome shrub of dense, compact growth. The leaves are quite small and dark green. It is an ideal hedge plant. Makes lovely border for paths, drives, and flower beds. Gal. \$1.25.

Buxus sempervirens suffruticosa (Dwarf Boxwood). A very popular dense foliaged plant, leaves small and deep green. Gal. \$1.50.

YESTERDAY AND TODAY

Brunfelsia floribunda, Yesterday and Today. Bushy, well rounded shrub with lustrous green foliage and flowers throughout the year. Flowers open blue violet fading through lilac to almost pure white. Fragrant, they last well when cut. Sun or partial shade. 20°. Gal. \$1.50 and up.

MEXICAN ORANGE

Choisya ternata. Bright green neat foliage; a neat rounded shrub of good proportions, easy to grow in sun or shade. Clusters of fragrant white flowers in spring. Gal. \$1.50.

ROCK ROSES

Hardy shrubs. All require sun and good drainage.

Cistus corbariensis. Low spreading shrub with attractive sage green leaves and pure white flowers, averaging 2 inches across. Wonderful to cover slopes in sunny places. Gal. \$1.25.

Cistus Doris Hiberson. Delicate clear pink flowers on attractive compact shrub. Especially adapted for sunny, dry locations. Gal. \$1.50.

Cistus ladaniferus maculatus. Long, deep green, narrow leaves with the appearance of recent varnishing. Large crepy white flowers with showy maroon spots at the base of petals. Sun. Gal. \$1.25.

Cistus purpureus. One of the finest Rock-roses. Beautiful crepy pink flowers with maroon blotches at the base of petals. Sun. Gal. \$1.25.

CONVOLVULUS

Convolvulus Cneorum. Here is a neat little shrub 2 to 3 feet tall with a wonderful silvery foliage. Covered with white flowers edged pink during the summer. Ideal sunny border. Gal. \$1.25.

Convolvulus Mauritanicus. See Page 13.

for Year-'round Garden Color . . .

LOOKING GLASS PLANT

Coprosma baueri. Unique round highly polished dark green leaves cover this medium-size shrub. Useful in foundation planting. Not much for flowers but the little orange berries are attractive. At its best in sea-coast districts. Hardy to 27°. Gal. \$1.25.

AUSTRALIAN FUCHSIA

Correa Magnifica. A medium size hardy shrub with rounded olive gray leaves, the undersides of which are furry brown. The unusual, fuchsia-like flowers are chartreuse yellow and appear during the winter. Sun or part shade. 25°. Gal. \$1.50.

Correa pulchella. A good 2-foot shrub with spreading bushy habit, deep olive green foliage and graceful display of dainty pink bell-shaped flowers in winter and spring. Recommended as a foundation planting shrub. Shade. Gal. \$1.50.



ROCK ROSE (Cistus)

COTONEASTERS

Very useful group of shrubs with white flowers and pretty red berries that lend an attractive color note to the garden. Many have distinctive growing habits which blend nicely to rockeries, bank plantings, or in front of other shrub plantings, but especially among rocks. The taller varieties make good all-around ornamental shrubs. All are useful, hardy shrubs.

Cotoneaster conspicua decora. Popularly known as Necklace Cotoneaster, this shrub has tiny, evergreen foliage with a profusion of orange-red berries strung along the branches like a necklace. Gal. \$1.25.

Cotoneaster horizontalis (Rock Cotoneaster). Flat spreading shrub with tiny glossy green leaves and bright berries. Partly deciduous it assumes brilliant colors in cold winters. Gal. \$1.25.

Cotoneaster microphylla (Rock Spray). Low evergreen shrub with dense branchlets clothed with tiny green leaves. Large, rosy-red berries in fall and winter. Gal. \$1.00.

Cotoneaster pannosa. Sometimes called the Silverleaf cotoneaster because of its silvery-margined foliage. Robust and tall. In the fall branches are covered with clusters of bright red berries. Gal. \$1.00.

Cotoneaster parneyi (lactea) (Red Cluster-berry). Very showy variety with handsome berries, largest of all, in immense clusters. Large glossy leaves. Gal. \$1.25.

Other varieties available at our nursery.

HEATHERS

Lovely fine foliaged shrubs with showy masses of brilliant flowers. We list two types, one with tubular flowers (South African) and the other with small globular flowers (southern European). Both do well in sun but require a soil of pure peat with a little sand for drainage. Keep lime away from them and acidify the soil once a year with soil sulphur. All hardy to 15°.

Erica Darleyensis (Mediterranean Hybrid). Rose colored flowers in spring on low, spreading bush. Free blooming and very showy. Gal. \$1.25.

Erica John McLaren. Low, compact shrub with lovely flowers in a beautiful shade of pink. Blooms twice a year. Gal. \$1.50.

Erica melanthera rosea. Flowers of deep pink. A tall growing shrub with masses of fine textured, plummy leaves and clouds of pink flowers. Winter blooming. Gal. \$1.50.

Erica melanthera rubra. Dwarfier type selected for the deep rosy flowers, which are so freely produced as to cover the plant. Dainty evergreen foliage. Gal. \$1.50.

Other varieties available at our nursery.

ESCALLONIAS

Excellent evergreen shrubs of neat growth and good dark green foliage. Some have showy flowers in large clusters. For open situations. Escallonias do especially well along the coast. Hardy.

Escallonia montevidensis. Medium to large shrub with light green foliage and masses of single white flowers in showy heads in summer. Gal. \$1.25.

Escallonia organensis. One of the finest Escallonias recently introduced and one of the best flowering shrubs. Luxuriant glossy green leaves of medium size showing bronzy red tints. Flowers pink to white, like small apple-blossoms in large clusters. Gal. \$1.25.

Escallonia rubra. Low compact shrub; one of the best of the group; shining leaves and showy rich red flowers. Likes a shady location. Gal. \$1.25.

SILVERBERRY

Elaeagnus pungens variegata. A large spreading shrub that has its stems and leaves covered with frosty shiny scales. The large silver-bronze berries also have a frost-like tint. Gal. \$1.25 and up.

Elaeagnus pungens maculata. Foliage beautifully marked with yellow. Very fine. Low-spreading. Gal. \$1.75.



EUONYMUS AUREO-MARGINATUS



DAPHNE ODORA MARGINATA

FRAGRANT DAPHNE

Daphne alba. Clear white flowers. Substantial, glossy green foliage. Gal. \$1.75.

Daphne odora marginata. Slow growing, making a compact shrub about 3 or 4 feet tall, with narrow white margined 3-inch leaves and sweetly fragrant flowers in early spring. It has the most wonderful perfume of any flower we know. You can perfume the entire room with one branch. The flowers are waxy pink, fading to white. Growing conditions practically identical to camellias as to soil and exposure. Shade. Gal. \$1.75.

Larger sizes \$3.50 up.

BREATH OF HEAVEN

Diosma pulchrum. For quick effect and beautiful results try the Diosma for low hedges or foundation planting. Can you picture this rounded 4-foot plant covered with tiny pink flowers in quantities such as to color the entire shrub. Graceful fine yellow-green foliage. Gal. \$1.25.

Diosma reevesii. Same beautiful shrub in white. Gal. \$1.25.

EUGENIA

Eugenia myrtifolia. Attractive the year around and one of the most useful ornamental shrubs. Makes a beautiful accent specimen with light trimming and an excellent screening or hedge subject for heights ranging from 6 to 12 feet. New foliage bronzy, flowers creamy-white, berries lavender-purple. Gal. \$1.50.

Eugenia Smithi. Mauve-berried type growing to small tree height with panicles of small white blossoms in spring. Gal. \$1.50.

EUONYMUS

A very popular evergreen foliage shrub with glossy leaves. It is well suited for planting in the drier sections in full sun as a foundation or specimen plant, or as clipped specimens. Makes an excellent hedge.

Euonymus japonicus (Evergreen). Has excellent all-green shining leaves. Gal. \$1.00.

Euonymus argenteo-marginatus (Silver Queen). A green variety with silver-white fringe. Gal. \$1.25.

Euonymus aureo-marginatus (Golden). A green variety with yellow edges. Gal. \$1.25.

Euonymus pulchellus (Boxleaf Euonymus). Small-leaved, compact bush, 1-2 ft. high and half as wide. Very colorful in fall in both foliage and fruit. Gal. \$1.00.



FREMONTIA MEXICANICA

FREMONTIA

Fremontia mexicana. One of our finest native shrubs. Deeply cut wooly leaves and yellow-orange cup-shaped flowers in early spring are a glorious combination. Full sun and dry porous soil make it useful for semi-wild plantings in dry places. Hardy. Gal. \$2.00.

BROADLEAF EVERGREEN FLOWERING SHRUBS—Continued

FUCHSIAS

The highly colored yet delicate flowers of Fuchsias are so varied and beautiful that they are highly prized all over the country. Give them a rich soil with plenty of leaf mold or humus and keep moist but not wet. They are best along the coast but do well inland with frequent spraying during hot spells. Subject to frost.



CALLISTEMON (Bottle Brush)
See Page 6



DOUBLE FUCHSIA

See complete selection at nursery. Prices according to size and variety. Available in hanging and upright varieties.



GOLD DUST PLANT
See Page 6

GARDENIAS

Gardenia Mystery. The finest development in a large-flowered Gardenia for home growing. Flowers vary in size from 3 to 5 inches across. Sun, but sometimes will do well in part shade. The deep green glossy leaves and perfect flowers are best when not watered either too much or too often. Gal. \$1.50.

Gardenia veitchi. Flowers somewhat smaller than *Gardenia Mystery* but extremely free-flowering, once it is established. Gal. \$1.50.

GREVILLEA

Grevillea rosmarinifolia. Bushy shrub of medium size with feathery, finely cut leaves. Its reddish flowers are borne in short, densely bunched clusters in winter and early spring. Gal. \$1.50.

GRISELINIA

Griselinia littoralis. Striking evergreen shrub, a native of New Zealand. Oblong leaves of leathery, Aucuba-like texture. Gal. \$1.50. Plants with variegated leaves available also.

GUAVAS

for Jelly and Ornament

→ *Feijoa Coolidgei*. Improved self-fruiting variety, grafted. Gal. \$2.75.

→ *Feijoa sellowiana*, Pineapple Guava. Not nearly enough grown as an ornamental, this gay foliaged shrub glorifies the garden in spring with its waxy white flowers with plumes of bright red stamens in the centers. Fruits green, oval in shape and strongly scented of pineapple. Very hardy. Gal. \$1.25.

HEBE (See Veronica, Page 11)



LANTANA GOLD RUSH (See opposite page)

PLANTING TIME IN CALIFORNIA IS ALL THE TIME

HIBISCUS

A popular California flowering shrub, Hibiscus are tender in this locality and should be protected from frost.

Agnes Gault. The most popular large flowered single pink. Flowers often measure 6 or 7 inches across. Gal. \$1.50 up.

Crown of Bohemia. Choice yellow double with rich autumn tones of orange and bronze. Very popular. Gal. \$1.75 up.

Kona (Double Agnes Gault). Fully double, large attractive flowers in the same beautiful pink of the single tree. Gal. \$1.50 up.

Red Monarch. Finest of all double Hibiscus with deep dark red fully double flowers of good size. Gal. \$1.75 up.

San Diego Red (Scarlet Single). Popular clear red single. Gal. \$1.50 up.

Other varieties available.

HOLLY

Ilex aquifolium, English Holly. Here is Christmas! Deep green and glossy with the typical spines always associated with holly and the deep bright red berries set close to the stem and among the leaves. English holly will grow well but requires more than one plant to pollinate the flowers and berries. Likes moisture. Gal. \$2.00. Larger sizes available.

Ilex cornuta Burfordi. A new improvement for mild climates, producing tremendous displays of bright red berries. Leaves still less spiny and berry clusters larger and brighter colored than the Chinese Holly. Foliage especially glossy deep green. For sun or shade this is the finest Holly for California. Gal. \$1.75.

GOLD FLOWER (Hypericum)

Hypericum calycinum. A low growing, bushy plant, bearing large, yellow flowers from May through October. Valuable as a ground cover. Gal. \$1.00; flats of approximately 100, \$12.50.

Hypericum moserianum. Low growing shrub sometimes three feet high and as much across, with good dense habit, dark green leaves and yellow flowers. Often used as ground cover. Very hardy. Gal. \$1.25.

LANTANAS

Lantana camara. The uses to which it may be put in the landscape scheme are simply astounding — to cover banks, trained against walls as a vine, as a ground cover, in pots, and even as a specimen shrub. It glorifies the space it occupies with brilliantly colored flowers that seem to change shades as they mature but never become unsightly. Full sun, little care will make them at home. Of course, they like a drink now and then. Hardy to 25°.

Dwarf varieties. Yellow, White, Radiation orange-red), pink.

Lantana sellowiana, Trailing Lantana. Lavender flowers cover this foot high trailer most of the summer. Freezes out in places but generally comes back. Sun.

LANTANA CALLOWIANA AUREA, GOLD-RUSH (P.A.F.). An entirely new species produced from the hybridization of Lantana camara and Lantana sellowiana, retaining the finest characteristics of each. Practically all year countless clusters of the brightest yellow flowers cover the entire plant. Deep forest green foliage, bright yellow flowers. Its trailing habit makes it usable for ground covers, bank covers, planters, etc. It grows rapidly and requires very little care.



LEPTOSPERMUM

TEA TREE

Leptospermum laevigatum, Australian Tea Tree. Graceful shrub with long curving branches, fine greyish-green leaves, and small white flowers in spring. Dry soils with good drainage and sun. Makes an excellent wind-break. Hardy. Gal. \$1.25.

Leptospermum reevesi (L. laevigatum compactum). A compact growing shrub with slightly greener foliage. White flowers. Hardy. Gal. \$1.25.

Leptospermum Ruby Glow and other hybrids. We offer a few of the better selections of choice hybrids of leptospermum which include some new colors and habits of growth. The flowers are either single or double. Sun and excellent drainage. Gal. \$1.50.

ORNAMENTAL DWARF CITRUS

Lemon, Meyer Dwarf. A valuable ornamental shrub for its pearly white, lavender flushed, exceedingly fragrant flowers and showy lemons which follow. Lemons are of high quality and can be used as any other lemons. Quite hardy. Gal. \$1.75.

Rangpur Lime. Medium sized golden yellow acid fruit, white fragrant bloom, light green foliage and rapid growth. Hardy to frost. Gal. \$1.75.

PRIVETS for Hedges and Specimens

Ligustrum japonicum, Japanese Privet. Large shrub with dark green leaves. One of the finest privets for hedges or large specimen shrubs. Hardy. Gal. \$1.00. Flats \$8.00 per 100.

Ligustrum texanum, Wax-Leaf Privet. A bushy shrub with large glossy dark leaves. Fragrant wax-white flowers in spring. Specimens for parking strips, or medium height hedge. Hardy. Gal. \$1.25.

Ligustrum ovalifolium variegatum, Golden Privet. Upright growing privet with bright golden leaves. Good as a specimen shrub. Very Hardy. Gal. \$1.25.

Ligustrum ovalifolium, California Privet. A strong growing plant with dark green foliage of medium size. Popular plant for hedges and screens. Bare root \$12.50 per 100 and up.

Some varieties available in flats and bare root for hedge planting.

OREGON GRAPE

Mahonia aquifolium. Beautiful, low-growing evergreen shrub; dark green leaves, tinted red in winter. Flowers bright yellow, followed by deep blue berries. A popular favorite. Gal. \$1.50.

AFRICAN BOX

Myrsine africana. Close growing shrub resembling boxwood but much more colorful. Deep glossy green leaves are closely set on slightly reddish stems. Useful as a low hedge. Stands shearing. 15°. Gal. \$1.25.

MYRTLES

Myrtus communis, Common Myrtle. Splendid small leaved shrub much used as a hedge plant for foundation planting. The tiny leaves are dark green, glossy and aromatic. Flowers white in late spring and summer followed by blue black berries. Gal. \$1.50.

Myrtus communis compacta. Small, pointed leaves in dense masses on this compact shrub. Excellent for low hedges. 15°. Gal. \$1.00.

Myrtus communis variegata. Foliage marked with striped silver; berries large and contrast beautifully with the light foliage. Gal. \$1.25.

HEAVENLY BAMBOO

Nandina domestica. Not a Bamboo in any sense of the word but the foliage does resemble a small bamboo in many ways. Leaves light green tipped with pink and copper in early spring; assume a vivid red in autumn. Bright crimson berries in generous clusters are showy. Very hardy. Gal. \$1.25.



OLEANDER DOUBLE PINK

OLEANDERS

All Oleanders, Gal. \$1.25

Nerium oleander. Large bushy shrubs freely blooming all summer, during the hottest weather. Do well in the hot dry interior valleys. Long slender feathery leaves. In various colors, single and double.

Pink. Single; large shell pink.

Red. Single, fine dark color.

Mrs. Roeding. Fine double salmon pink.

Rose. Double pink.

White. Single white and semi-double.

Yellow. Pale yellow, single flowers.



◀
OSMANTHUS
DELAVAYI

OSMANTHUS

Osmanthus delavayi. A broad, dense shrub covered with small oval or rounded leaves of deep green. Clusters of fragrant white flowers. Gal. \$1.50.

Osmanthus fragrans, Sweet Olive. Dark green glossy leaves, creamy white flowers most abundant in autumn. Very fragrant. Hardy to 10°. Gal. \$1.50.

PRINCESS FLOWER

Pleroma grandiflora. Velvety leaves, reddish stems and large purple flowers, often 3 inches across, in fall and winter. Showy and beautiful, does best in slightly acid soil. Tender, 27°. Gal. \$1.50.

CALIFORNIA HOLLY (Toyon)

Photinia arbutifolia. Glorious native shrubs whose beautiful dark green foliage and bright red berries have made it known to many as Christmas Berry. Does well under cultivation but is sometimes difficult to establish. Well worth any effort to get it started. Very hardy. Gal. \$1.75. See also Natives.

Photinia serrulata, Nova, Chinese Photinia. Large broad toothed leaves often assuming pretty red or bronze tints especially when young or during cold weather. Berries in large clusters. Very hardy. Gal. \$1.25.

BAMBOO (Phyllostachys)

Phyllostachys aurea (Golden Bamboo). Dwarf golden hued canes make a dense, quick growth for a good screen. Available in 5-gal. containers.



PITTOSPORUM TOBIRA

BROADLEAF EVERGREEN FLOWERING SHRUBS—

Continued

*Plant your
garden for
year 'round color!*

➡
PHOTINIA
SERRULATA



PITTOSPORUM

This group of large shrubs forms the backbone of most California plantings. Some are large shrubs or small trees. All are easy to grow, and hardy except in extremely cold places. Some have showy sweet scented flowers.

Pittosporum eugenioides. Of erect habit; foliage long, narrow, yellowish-green with wavy margins; stems black. A recommended screening and hedge plant. 21°. Gal. \$1.25.

Pittosporum tenuifolium (nigricans). Medium to large shrub for screens and hedges, and small specimen trees. Gal. \$1.25.

Pittosporum tobira. Handsome bushy shrub with glossy dark green leaves, clusters of fragrant white flowers in spring, followed by small yellowish pods which open to show the bright red seeds. 15°. Gal. \$1.25.

Pittosporum tobira variegata. Dwarfier spreading shrub with greyish leaves having silvery white margins. Very attractive. Gal. \$1.50.

Pittosporum undulatum, Victorian Box. Beautiful round headed tree or large shrub. Useful also as a hedge. Rich green leaves with wavy margins, yellowish-white flowers, very fragrant at night. 25°. Gal. \$1.50.

BLUE PLUMBAGO

Plumbago capensis. Excellent ornamental shrub of refined habit, good foliage and showy blue flowers all summer and at a time when good flowers are scarce. Easy to grow and happy under all conditions. Semi-climbing; it can be easily trained as a vine. Hardy to 24°. Gal. \$1.25.

Ceratostigma griffithi, Burmese Plumbago. Low bushy 2-foot shrub spreading to about 4 feet. Bronzy foliage and covered with brilliant rich blue flowers throughout the fall. Drops its leaves in winter in colder sections. Gal. \$1.25.

EVERGREEN CHERRIES

Prunus caroliniana. Carolina Cherry. Beautiful large shrub or small tree for specimen or screen planting. Deep glossy green foliage; white flowers followed by black cherries. Hardy. Gal. \$1.25.

Prunus lyoni integrifolia (Catalina Island Cherry). One of the most beautiful evergreen trees, similar to the wild cherry, but the foliage is larger, lighter green and less spiny. Gal. \$1.50.

LAURELS

Prunus laurocerasus, English Laurel. A fine broad-leaved evergreen shrub used mostly for screen planting and hedges. The oval leaves always present a cool refreshing green color. Hardy. Gal. \$1.25.

Prunus lusitanica, Portuguese Laurel. A bushy, compact, evergreen shrub desirable for hedges and foundation plantings in sun or shade. Dark green foliage with red stems. Gal. \$1.25.

RAPHIOLEPIS

Raphiolepis indica rosea (Indian Hawthorn). An excellent compact 3 to 4-foot shrub, with bright, shiny leaves. Bears a mass of delicately pink colored flowers in clusters February through April. Plant in semi-shade. Gal. \$1.75.

Raphiolepis ovata. Well suited to California soils and climate, this slow growing 3 to 4-foot shrub is one of the finest we have for foundation planting. Handsome, dark green rounded leaves and clusters of white flowers followed by blue-black berries are its chief attractions. It grows more spreading than high, forming a dense compact specimen. Hardy. Gal. \$1.50.

Raphiolepis Coates' Crimson (P.A.F.). New red form of rosea. Intense color! Gal. \$2.50.

PYRACANTHA for Colorful Berries

Bush forms, Gal. \$1.25 up.

Pyramid forms, Gal. \$1.75 up.

These are strong growing sturdy shrubs with erect or spreading thorny branches and narrow dark green leaves and clusters of white flowers in spring. The real glory of these shrubs is the colorful abundance of berries in fall and winter. Rich fairly moist soil. Sun or partial shade.

Pyracantha graberii. Gracefully arching stems covered with large bright red berries. Dark glossy foliage. Heavy bearer.

Pyracantha Rosedale. One of the earliest to show color. Dark red berries on arching branches, more upright than spreading.

PYRACANTHA SANTA CRUZ. Strong, well foliated heavy bearing branches with white flowers in spring. Prostrate habit, large red berries. Useful as ground cover.

Espalier forms also available.



PLEROMA (Princess Flower)

ROSEMARY

Rosmarinus officinalis. Another in the group of fragrant foliaged plants. Used since ancient times as an "herb". Neat narrow dark green aromatic leaves and light blue, almost white, flowers. Very hardy. Gal. \$1.25.

Rosmarinus Lockwoodi. An attractive, low growing, grey-foliaged plant. Having all of the best features of the species; but being prostrate, serves well for that needed contrast in ground covers. Gal. \$1.50.

SARCOCOCCA

Sarcococca ruscifolia. Medium size shrubs (4 feet) attractive dark green shiny rounded leaves. Useful in partially shaded places as a foliage shrub, the beauty of which is augmented by fragrant white blossoms and dark scarlet berries. Very hardy. Gal. \$1.50.

SKIMMIA

Skimmia japonica. Useful low shrub for shade with attractive foliage. White, star-shaped flowers followed by clusters of large bright red berries. Use male plants for pollination. Gal. \$1.75.

AUSTRALIAN BLUE BELL

Sollya heterophylla. This evergreen climbing shrub, also called Australian Bluebell, keeps twining to 6 feet or more. It displays varying, lance-shaped to oblong leaves and small, blue, attractive nodding flowers. Gal. \$1.25.

BIRD OF PARADISE

Strelitzia reginae. Makes clumps of "tropical foliage" about 3 to 4 feet high consisting of many leaves from the base. In late winter and spring the glorious long-necked "birds" raise their green bills and yellow and blue plume feathers. A most striking plant for rich soil, as a foundation plant or as a lawn specimen. Ideal as a cut flower for arrangements. Gal. \$2.50 up; larger sizes \$7.50 up.

*Planting time
is all the time
in California*

VERONICAS (Hebe)

Veronica buxifolia. For low plantings, even low hedges, this dwarf dense growing Veronica is just right. Small bluish green boxwood-like leaves neatly arranged on the stem and white flowers in summer are the chief attraction. Easy to grow. Gal. \$1.00.

Veronica descussata. Small compact gray-green leaves and violet-blue flowers most of the year. Partial shade. Gal. \$1.25.

Veronica imperialis. Compact rounded shrub to medium height. Foliage medium green. Stems as well as flower spikes are reddish purple. Does well in shade. Gal. \$1.25.



VIBURNUM BURKWOODI



PYRACANTHA ROSEDALE (Rosedale Firethorn)

VIBURNUMS

A hardy lot of good substantial shrubs useful in foundation planting, shrub borders, or as hedges. Some have fragrant flowers, others ornamental berries.

Viburnum Burkwoodi. The glory of this shrub is its clusters of pink and white fragrant flowers. Almost evergreen, although drops some of its leaves in cold weather. Gal. \$1.50.

Viburnum japonicum. This hardy shrub is good for mass planting to accent begonias, primroses or other shade loving plants. Or, you can use it as a specimen shrub. It grows a thick mass of light green leaves that are a perfect foil for flower plantings. Gal. \$1.00.

Viburnum suspensum. One of the finest evergreen foliage shrubs. Winter flowering, producing clusters of fragrant white flowers followed by deep blue-black berries. Makes a beautiful specimen or a first class hedge of dense growth and rich green glossy foliage. Ideal as a screen plant where an 8 to 10-foot height is desired. Full sun. Gal. \$1.25.

Viburnum tinus, Laurestinus. Very fine evergreen shrub making a dense growth of deep green glossy foliage. Clusters of pink buds and dainty white flowers in spring. Gal. \$1.25.

XYLOSMA

Xylosma senticosa. One of the most beautiful of all foliage shrubs. Very amenable to training as an espalier to glorify an uninteresting wall; sheared into a globe of pyramidal shape or allowed to grow freely as a graceful medium sized shrub. The rich green glossy foliage is delightful. For sun or shade. Gal. \$1.50.

WHAT AND WHERE TO PLANT

PAGE INDEX OF SHRUBS — VINES — CONIFERS — GROUND COVERS

To help you in selecting the proper shrubs and vines for your new home, or for replacing existing plantings that have outgrown their usefulness, we have compiled the following list of plant material. If you find varieties listed with which you are not familiar, we suggest you read their descriptions carefully (refer to index for page on which they will be found).

Practically all plants listed for sun will prove satisfactory if given half a day of sun and material for shade will generally tolerate morning and late afternoon sun.

Heights as indicated are necessarily approximate. See description. Some varieties suitable for both sun and shade, as noted.

The numbers following the varieties are page references to listings in this catalog.

PLANTS FOR SUN

TALL

Arbutus, 6-13
Cotoneaster, 7-16
Escallonia, 7
Feijoa, 8
Fremontia, 8
Hibiscus, 9
Leptospermum, 9
Ligustrum japonicum, 9
Oleander, 9
Philadelphus, 15
Photinia, 10, 13
Pittosporum, 10
Pyracantha, 10-16
Spiraea, 15
Toyon, 10
Viburnum tinus, 11

MEDIUM

Abelia, 6
Arborvitae, 21
Ceanothus cyaneus, 13
Cistus purpureus, 6
Choisya, 6
Euonymus, 7
Ligustrum, 9
Lilac, 15
Mahonia, 9
Meyer Lemon, 9
Nandina, 9
Plumbago, 10
Pyracantha, 10, 16
Viburnum burkwoodi, 11

LOW

Berberis, 6-14
Buxus, 6
Ceanothus, 13
Cistus corbariensis, 6
Cotoneaster, 7, 16
Lantana, 9, 16
Juniper, 16, 21
Myrtus communis Compacta, 9
Raphiolepis, 10
Star Jasmine, 28
Veronica buxifolia, 11

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Aucuba, 6
Cotoneaster, 7, 16
Ilex, 9
Kumquat, 32
Meyer Lemon, 9
Nandina, 9
Oregon Grape (Mahonia), 9
Photinia, 10, 13
Pyracantha, 10, 16
Raphiolepis, 10
Toyon, 10

PLANTS FOR SHADY PLACES

TALL

Arbutus unedo, 6, 13
Camellias, 4, 5
Dogwood, 18
English Laurel, 10
Ilex, 9
Osmanthus, 9
Viburnum japonicum, 11
Viburnum suspensum, 11

MEDIUM

Abelia, 6
Azalea Kurume, 27
Aralia sieboldi, 6
Aucuba, 6
Brunfelsia, 6
Choisya, 6
Correa, 7
Daphne, 7
Escallonia, 7
Hydrangea, 14
Ligustrum japonicum, 9
Mahonia, 9
Osmanthus fragrans, 9
Pittosporum, 10
Rhododendron, 27
Snowball, 15

LOW

Azalea indica, 27
Buxus, 6
Fuchsia, 8
Heather, dwarf, 7
Hypericum, dwarf, 9
Myrsine, 9
Sarcococca ruscifolia, 11
Star Jasmine, 28

FRAGRANT PLANTS

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Daphne, 7
Gardenia, 8
Viburnum, 11, 15
Honeysuckle, 29
Magnolia stellata, 15
Philadelphus, 15
Rose, 22 to 25
Lilac, 15
Star Jasmine, 28

FLOWERING SHRUBS

SPRING

Azalea, 14, 17
Dogwood, 18
Lilac, 15
Magnolia, 15, 17
Osmanthus, 9
Philadelphus, 15
Prunus, 10, 18
Quince, 14
Spiraea, 15
Viburnum, 11, 15
Weigela, 15

SUMMER

Abelia, 6
Abutilon, 6
Escallonia, 7
Gardenia, 8
Hibiscus, 9
Hydrangea, 14
Lantana, 9, 16
Oleander, 9
Plumbago, 10
Pomegranate, 15
Rose, 22 to 25
Star Jasmine, 28
Spiraea, 15

WINTER

Camellia, 4, 5
Osmanthus, 9
Viburnum tinus, 11
Azalea, 14, 27
Daphne, 7
Heather, 7

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Arbutus, 6, 13
Acacia, 17
Ceanothus, 13
Cistus, 6
Myrtus, 9
Oleander, 9
Fremontia, 8
Leptospermum, 9
Pittosporum, 10

INFORMAL (UNTRIMMED) HEDGES

LOW OR DWARF

Shade Tolerant

Azalea, 14, 27
Hypericum moserianum, 9
Myrsine africana, 9
Osmanthus, 9
Sarcococca, 11
Veronica, 11

Sun Tolerant

Berberis, 6, 14
Lantana, 9, 16
Leptospermum (dwarf), 9
Myrtus compacta, 9
Pinus mugho mughus, 21
Punica granatum nana, 15
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MEDIUM TO TALL

Shade Tolerant

Abelia, 6
Aucuba, 6
Camellia, 4, 5
Escallonia, 7
Gardenia Mystery, 8
Hydrangea, 14
Ligustrum texanum, 9
Mahonia aquifolium, 9
Nandina, 9
Osmanthus, 9
Prunus laurocerasus, 10
Prunus lusitanica, 10
Snowball, 15
Taxus baccata, 21
Viburnum suspensum, 11

Sun Tolerant

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Arbutus unedo, 6
Cotoneaster, 7, 16
Cupressus arizonica, 20
Erica, 7
Escallonia, 7
Euonymus, 7
Flowering Quince, 14
Leptospermum, 9
Ligustrum japonicum, 9
Meyer Lemon, 9
Myrtus compactus, 9
Nandina, 9
Oleander, 9
Pittosporum tobira, 10
Pomegranate, 15
Pyracantha, 10, 16
Spiraea, 15
Viburnum tinus, 11

FORMAL TRIMMED HEDGES

LOW OR DWARF

Shade Tolerant

Buxus suffruticosa, 6
Myrsine africana, 9
Sarcococca ruscifolia, 11
Veronica buxifolia, 11

Sun Tolerant

Buxus japonica, 6
Myrtus compacta, 9

MEDIUM HEIGHT

Shade Tolerant

Myrtus species, 9
Viburnum species, 11,
Taxus baccata, 21

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Euonymus japonicus, 7
Leptospermum reevesi, 9
Ligustrum species, 9
Myrtus species, 9
Viburnum tinus, 11

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SHADE TOLERANT

Abelia Edward Goucher, 6
Azalea (Kurume), 27
Camellia, 4, 5
Hydrangea, 14
Hypericum moserianum, 9
Osmanthus, 9
Raphiolepis, 10
Sarcococca, 11
Snowball, 15

SUN TOLERANT

Cotoneaster horizontalis, 7
Cotoneaster parneyi, 7
Flowering Quince, 14
Lantana, 9, 16
Pinus mugho mughus, 21
Pittosporum tobira, 10
Prostrata Juniperus, 4
Pyracantha species, 10, 16
Spiraea, 15
Thuja, 21
Viburnum tinus, 11
Weigela, 15

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English Ivy, 16
Hypericum moserianum, 9
Ivy Geranium, 16
Prostrata Junipers, 21
Star Jasmine, 28

TALL SHRUBS FOR SCREENS OR BACKGROUNDS

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Camphor, 17
Cotoneaster pannosa, 7
Cupressus arizonica, 20
Escallonia, 7
Leptospermum laevigatum, 9
Ligustrum japonicum, 9
Loquat, 17
Oleander, 9
Pittosporum tobira, 10
Pyracantha species, 10, 16
Viburnum species, 11, 15

TALL INFORMAL CLUMPS

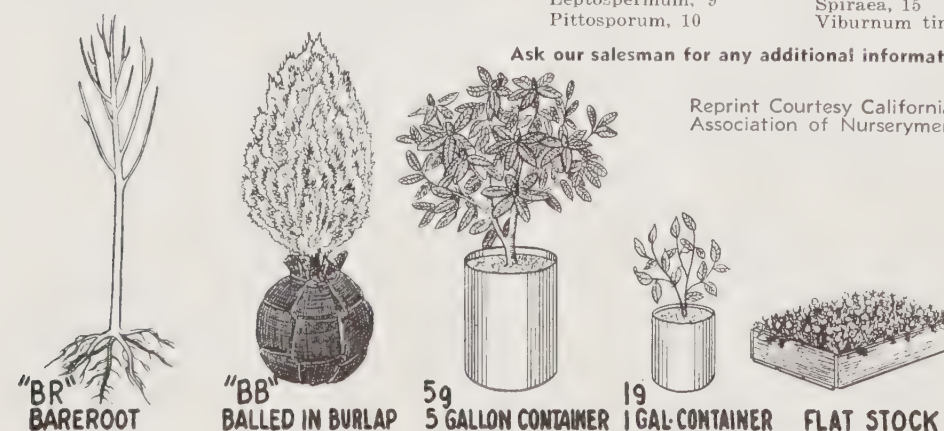
WITH PICTURESQUE BRANCHING

Arbutus unedo, 6
Birch, 19
Camphor, 17
Dogwood, 18
Ligustrum japonicum, 9
Lilac, 15
Loquat, 17
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Silverlace, 29
Star Jasmine, 28
Virginia Creeper, 29
Wisteria, 29

Select the Size and Price to Fit Your Needs



Ask our salesman for any additional information you need! He will give you practical suggestions for planting.

Reprint Courtesy California Association of Nurserymen

WIND RESISTING PLANTS

Tall, Sun
Cotoneaster, 7, 16
Escallonia, 7
Leptospermum, 9
Pittosporum, 10

Medium, Sun
Abelia, 6
Ceanothus, 13
Cistus, 6
Euonymus, 7
Ligustrum, 9

Low, Sun

Berberis, 6, 14
Ceanothus, 13
Cistus, 6

Cotoneaster, 7, 13
Myrtus, 9
Veronica, 11

Bare root stock available for planting January through March.

MOST ITEMS AVAILABLE IN CONTAINERS FOR PLANTING THE YEAR AROUND

Natives of California

ARBUTUS menziesi (Madrone). California's beautiful small evergreen native tree. Leaves are very large and shining; bark pale green changing to red; flowers white, waxlike in drooping panicles; berries rich red. Gal. \$1.50.

ARCTOSTOPHYLOS uva ursi (Bear Berry). Red stems and roundish bright green leaves with pale pink and white flowers make this an unusual plant. It is a variety of *Manzanita* which creeps flat on the ground, only grows a few inches high. The plants will take root as they spread, especially if planted in sandy soil. Gal. \$1.50.

CARPENTERIA CALIFORNICA (Tree Anemone). A beautiful shrub with bright green foliage and large, white flowers with prominent yellow stamens. Of delightful fragrance. Gal. \$1.50.

CEANOTHUS arboreus. Forms a very large upright shrub or tree. Foliage large, dark, glossy; sky blue flowers. Gal. \$1.50.

CEANOTHUS griseus horizontalis (Carmel Creeper). This variety is excellent for the rock garden. It only grows from 1 to 2 feet tall and 3 to 6 feet in diameter. Excellent in partial shade or sun, and will withstand wind on the coast. When in bloom, it is a mound of deep blue flowers. Gal. \$1.50.

CEANOTHUS gloriosus. An excellent creeping variety. This plant has lovely dark green foliage and beautiful blue flowers. Gal. \$1.50.

CEANOTHUS impressus (Santa Barbara Ceanothus). Small, dark green, roughened foliage with attractive flowers in deep blue. The growth is low and spreading, about 4 to 6 feet high and 6 to 10 feet broad. Gal. \$1.50.

CEANOTHUS thyrsiflorus griseus. A broad, dense bush with rounded leaves. A very deep blue flowered variety which grows along the coast near Monterey. Gal. \$1.50.

ERIGONUM arborescens (Wild Buckwheat). Will grow in the driest and hottest locations. Light pink flowers cover it in summer and fall and it grows about 2 to 4 feet high and about 4 feet broad. Gal. \$1.50.

CEANOTHUS Julia Phelps. In mid-spring this beautiful new Ceanothus has deep blue inch-long flower clusters covering the plant in profusion. Its foliage is tiny, dark green, with furrowed leaves. Gal. \$2.00.

CEANOTHUS, Mountain Haze. From the base of the plant up, a year 'round coat of dark green with soft blue flowers in the spring. If pruned or allowed to grow free will grow to a 6 foot hedge. Gal. \$2.00

CEANOTHUS, Sierra Blue. Huge lilac-like flowers of brightest blue in the spring. A vigorous grower, generally from 6 to 12 feet high. This is a large open shrub with dark green, glossy foliage. May be held to a desired size by pruning. Withstands drought. Gal. \$2.00.



CEANOTHUS (Mountain Haze)

FREMONTIA Mexicana. See on page 8.

MAHONIA aquifolium (Oregon Grape). See page 9.

MAHONIA pinnata (California Grape). This is without exception the finest low-growing native decorative shrub. Leaves holly-like. Flowers bright yellow in long racemes; fruit blue-black. Gal. \$1.50.

PHOTINIA arbutifolia (Toyon—Christmas Berry). Most attractive and popular red-berried shrub, with white flowers. Gal. \$1.75.

PINUS radiata. See page 21.

PLATANUS racemosa (Calif. Plane Tree). Deciduous, large leaved for drier areas. 5 gal. \$4.50.

PRUNUS caroliniana (Carolina Cherry). Beautiful large shrub or small tree for screen or specimen planting. Deep, glossy green foliage and white flowers followed by black cherries. Gal. \$1.50.

PRUNUS lyoni integrifolia (Catalina Island Cherry). One of the most beautiful evergreen trees. Similar to the wild cherry but the foliage is larger, lighter green, and less spiny. Gal. \$1.50.

QUERCUS agrifolia. See page 17.

RHUS integrifolia (Sumac). Dark red fruit with pinkish-white flowers on a large shrub. Gal. \$1.50.

RHUS ovata (Sumac). Shrub to 10 feet. Light yellow flowers in dense spikes. Fruit dark red and sweet. Gal. \$1.50.

RIBES sanguineum (Red Flowering Currant). A handsome deciduous shrub, with round five-lobed foliage; bark brownish, shreddy; flowers deep pink with spicy fragrance. Gal. \$1.50.

RIBES viburnifolium. Low-spreading evergreen shrub with branches making ideal ground cover. Good for shady areas. Erect clusters of rose-pink flowers and red berries in fall. It is not thorny. Gal. \$1.50.

ROMNEYA coulteri (Matilija Poppy). Flowers of immense size, single, white, with prominent center of golden stamens. Will do well in dry places. Gal. \$1.50.

SEQUOIA gigantea. See page 21.

SEQUOIA sempervirens. See page 21.

UMBELLULARIA californica (California Laurel or Bay Tree). A handsome evergreen tree. Foliage dark green and highly aromatic. Grows very rapidly under moist conditions, and makes a satisfactory street tree. Gal. \$1.50.

For Summer Cut Flowers and Sensational Color: PERENNIALS

Priced at Nursery

Agapanthus umbellatus, Blue Lily of the Nile. On stout yet graceful stalks this plant bears large umbels of blue lily-like flowers. 3 feet.

Aster frikartii, Wonder of Stafa. Bushy plants, alive with lavender-blue asters from June to December. Rich green foliage. 2½ feet.

Campanula isophylla. Trailing perennial for hanging baskets or rock gardens. Small grey green leaves and trailing stems of saucer shaped white or blue flowers. Free flowering.

Campanula poscharskyana, Serbian Bluebell. A low growing perennial, seldom over 6 inches in height, making a dense carpet of blue saucer-shaped flowers in early summer.

Ceratostigma plumbaginoides (Plumbago lar-pentae). Dwarf spreading plant with nice green foliage and bright blue flowers with red bracts in late fall. 1 foot, sun.

Convolvulus cneorum. Dense, small-leaved plant growing erect to 4 feet with white or pink single flowers. Persistent.

Convolvulus mauritanicus, Blue Morocco Creeper. Light grey-green creeper with quantities of pale lavender cups all summer.

Delphinium, Pacific Hybrids. Graceful spikes of large, well proportioned flowers in an excellent color range.

Fuchsias. These most useful plants offer an almost infinite variety of forms and colors, upright, hanging or trailing.

Geraniums. Never out of bloom. Upright or trailing in colors from delicate to vivid.

Gerbera jamesoni hybrids, Transvaal Daisies. Low tufts of leaves and long stemmed crisp, long-lasting daisies in a brilliant array of colors, pastel and bright. Sun.

Hemerocallis, Day Lilies. Handsome clumps of foliage graced with brilliant lilies in yellow and orange shades.

Lavandula officinalis, English Lavender. Shrubby plant with greyish aromatic foliage and tall slender spikes of bluish-violet flowers.

Marguerite. This popular bushy perennial is available in both white and yellow flowers.

Pelargoniums. Long valued for their wealth of bloom and glorious colors, the modern varieties surprise with ever greater variations of contrasting color combinations.

Penstemon Sensation. 2 to 3 foot with large showy trumpet-shaped flowers in pink, red, white or combinations.

Phlox paniculata, Garden Phlox. Never fails to give masses of glorious color throughout the summer and fall. 2 to 3 feet; sun. Red, pink, lavender, and white.

Hybrid Primrose, Pacific Giant. A Polyanthus strain with taller stems, larger flowers and a wider and clearer color range.

Shasta Daisy Esther Read. Flowers peony-flowered with pompon center surrounded by longer ray flowers. Very lovely for cutting.

Shasta Daisy Marconi. Fully double flowers of immense size.



DOUBLE SHASTA DAISIES

The Ever-Charming DECIDUOUS

The flowering shrubs listed in this group will lose their leaves for a short time each year. They are the hardiest of shrubs, withstanding heat and cold. In fact, their extreme hardiness makes them desirable for mountain homes. Others, because they are not so large, can be used where definite height of growth is a consideration in the garden. Many produce showy flowers, without which the garden would lack much in interest and sparkle.



MOCKORANGE (Philadelphus)

JAPANESE MAPLE

Priced according to size.

Acer palmatum. The slender drooping branches of this variety are closely lined with small, maple-like leaves that in spring are rosy-red, changing in summer to glistening green and in fall are painted rich shades of scarlet and gold. Sun or shade.

Acer palmatum dissectum (Japanese Cutleaf Maple). The red leaves are delicately cut. Weeping, graceful branches.

Acer palmatum atropurpurea. Same as palmatum, except that purple-red color remains all summer.

DWARF FLOWERING ALMOND

Amygdalus nana. Small shrubby tree with long slender branches laden in spring with delicately very double flowers like small roses. Available in pink or white.



FLOWERING QUINCE

AZALEAS

All Deciduous Azaleas: B.B. \$4.00 and up
Azalea altaclarensis. Apricot yellow. A Chinese azalea resembling Mollis except in color.

Azalea mollis. Colorful spring bloom. The flowers are borne in large clusters and vary in color and intensity from bright orange to flame.

Azalea mollis hybrids. Outstanding varieties of newest introduction.

Azalea occidentalis. The fragrant Western Azalea. It varies in color from clear salmon pink to pure white. May to June.

BARBERRY

Berberis thunbergi atropurpurea, Red Leaf Japanese Barberry. Rich lustrous bronzy-red foliage and brilliant red berries. Dense bushy shrub best in sun. Gal. \$1.25.

FLOWERING QUINCE

(Chaenomeles)

Available Bare Root and 5-gal Cans.

Some Times Available in Gallon Containers.

The old fashioned flowering quinces with their bright red flowers in early spring were showy in their day but never equal to the newer varieties available at our nursery. They are much more showy, stay in bloom longer and make fine cut flowers. Very hardy shrubs.

Apple Blossom. Apple blossom pink.

Coral Beauty. Rosy coral with light center.

Red Ruffles (Plant Pat. 941). Strong, erect, almost thornless type. The flower petals are so large they overlap, creating an attractive ruffled effect. Dazzling brilliant red, the best red to date.

Snow. Pure glistening white. Very large and vigorous.

Stanford Red. Large crimson red flowers of robust habit. Good for cutting as they hold up well and are almost thornless.

HYDRANGEAS, for the Shade

All Hydrangeas: Gal. \$1.25

Excellent shrubs for shady places where the soil can be slightly acid. Some varieties will produce blue flowers if the soil is treated to a light application of alum or iron sulphate.

Hydrangea Hybrids. We offer many new hybrids in blue, white, carmine, red and pink. Many large flowered, choice varieties.



AZALEA ALTACLARENSIS



LILAC

FLOWERING SHRUBS

CHINESE MAGNOLIAS

Magnolia Lennei (Lenne Magnolia). Magnificent saucer-shaped blooms eight inches across; petals broad and rounded, outside bright purple rose, inside nearly white; very fragrant.

Magnolia lilliflora nigra. Large dark purple flowers. Inside of cup-shaped flower lighter purple in color.

Magnolia rustica rubra. Deep pink flowers.

Magnolia soulangeana. The large lily-like flowers of Chinese Magnolias are becoming more esteemed each year. They come at the end of the winter before the leaves. Outstanding flowers, beautiful rose-red margined with white. Give plenty of water and a good soil.

Magnolia stellata, **Star Magnolia**. Neat growing small tree or large shrub. Free flowering in spring. Flowers 3 to 4 inches across, composed of many narrow white petals.

Magnolia stellata rosea. Same as above but with pinkish-white flowers.



CHINESE MAGNOLIA

MOCKORANGE

Philadelphus virginialis. Few shrubs give such a glorious display of flowers in early summer. Masses of large, double and semi-double pure white fragrant flowers cover the shrub for a long time. Hardy and reliable bloomer. Available bare root and in containers. Gal. \$1.25.

POMEGRANATES

Punica granatum nana, **Dwarf Flowering Pomegranate**. Never reaches a large size. Excellent for low formal hedges or as a low shrub in foundation plantings. A lively little plant with red flowers, interesting red fruits, but small stature. Gal. \$1.25.

LILACS

One of the most beautiful of all the flowering tree shrubs. Blooms profusely in spring with colors from pure white to pink and shades of lavender to purple. Lilacs require little care. The only pruning they need is when you automatically cut the flowers to enhance the interior beauty of your home.

SPIRAEAS or BRIDAL WREATHS

Spiraea Anthony Waterer. Low 3-foot shrubs, covered with masses of flat topped clusters of rosy-red flowers. Summer. Very hardy. Gal. \$1.25.

Spiraea reevesiana, **Double Bridal Wreath**. Hardy shrub with graceful branches, light green leaves and masses of showy white double flowers of exquisite beauty. Gal. \$1.25.

Spiraea vanhouttei. This well known shrub is grown in every part of the country. Hardy even in the most severe places, it graces the long arching branches with pure white single flowers in such profusion as to suggest snow banks. Gal. \$1.25.



SNOWBALL

SNOWBALL

Viburnum opulus sterile. This well-known hardy shrub is easy to grow in California. Abundant white globular flowers in May and June. Sun. Gal. \$1.25.

WEIGELAS

Weigela Newport Red. Rich ruby-red trumpet-shaped flowers all summer. One of the best red varieties yet introduced. Hardy. Sun. Gal. \$1.50.

Weigela rosea. Large clusters of bright pink flowers in spring and early summer. Gal. \$1.25.

All Deciduous Shrubs are hardy in California.

HYDRANGEA



WEIGELA



GROUND COVERS

By the term "ground cover" are meant the many low-growing plants of spreading habit used primarily to hide unsightly areas of bare ground with the least effort of upkeep, or plants that take the place of a lawn. They are the ideal solution for waste spaces where other plants fail, as well as for banks and slopes in danger of erosion. The network of ground cover roots prevents the washing away of soil and checks the growth of weeds. In addition, ground covers act like a mulch to keep roots cool and slow down the loss of water in hot areas. To get quick effects, staggered planting in diamond shaped patterns is suggested.

Ajuga, Carpet Bugle. One of the finest covers for shady places where a good water supply can be assured. Leaves make a close turf not over 2 inches high. Blue flowers in spring.

Arctostaphylos uva-ursi (Manzanita, Bearberry). Prostrate trailing variety, excellent for a ground cover. The leaves are a rich green. The flowers are white with a pink tint, followed by red berries.

Ceanothus gloriosus. Blue flowers and dark green foliage.

Ceanothus griseus horizontalis. (Carmel Creeper). A low creeping variety about 1 to 2 feet tall and 3 to 6 feet across, splendid for training over rocks. Will stand wind near the coast, full sunlight or partial shade. When in bloom the leaves are barely visible in the mound of deep blue flowers.

Cotoneasters—All white or pinkish-white flowered with red berries in fall and winter. See full descriptions on page 7.

C. conspicua decora. Necklace Cotoneaster, with tiny deep green foliage.

C. horizontalis. Small-leaved creeper with fanning branches.

C. microphylla. Low, densely covered with tiny foliage.

Dichondra repens. Makes a very close lawn surface of tiny round green leaves. Best in sunny places where it can be given moderate watering. Needs mowing once in a while only.

IVY (Hedera). Plant from seeds or flats.

Algerian. Large, green leaves and vigorous, rampant growth. Excellent for ground cover, climbing on fences, or trained on porch posts.

English. Dark green glossy leaves, makes a cover about one foot deep. Needs no mowing. Excellent on banks or level areas. Mat is too deep to walk over comfortably. Also in variegated form. Makes an unusual color contrast.

Hahn's. Compact growing small leaf ivy much used in planter boxes. It may be used as a bed edging or ground cover in patio work where its dark green foliage creates a restful effect.

Variegated. Leaves are a creamy-white and green, beautifully variegated. An evergreen vine that is especially vigorous.

Gazania. Greyish tufts of foliage covered by quantities of golden or orange and reddish daisies on six-inch stems. Best in hot sun. Set plants 6 to 8 inches apart.

Ivy Geranium. For partially shaded or sunny places. Shiny neatly shaped leaves and showy flowers in pink, red, white, lavender or purple. Nice cover for banks. Trailing. Half hardy.

Junipers. All Junipers can be restricted in growth by pruning. But here are some of the better known spreading types.

J. pfitzeriana. Bushy, wide spreading.

J. armstrongi. Bluer and softer foliage.



DICHONDRA LAWN

J. procumbens. Bluish, pointed leaves.

J. tamariscifolia. Blue green. Hugs ground.

Hypericum calycinum. A low growing, bushy plant, bearing large, yellow flowers from May through October.

Hypericum moserianum. Very dense and dark leaved.

Lantana. Trailing, creeping plant making a mat about one foot deep with showy lavender-purple flowers over a long season.

Lantana Gold Rush (Pat. 1211). All year 'round clusters of the brightest yellow flowers cover the attractive forest green foliage. Grows rapidly. Sun. Hardy except in coldest spots.

Mesembryanthemum, Ice Plant. Rapid growing waxy succulent plants making excellent covers in dry sunny places. Available in rose-pink, red, orange and yellow.

Ornamental Strawberry, Fragaria chiloensis. Handsome glossy foliage, covered in spring with countless white flowers. Hardy and attractive, sun or partial shade.

Pyracanthas (Firethorn). If not trained upright tend all to spread. (See page 10 for varieties.) **P. Santa Cruz.** Spreading to 12 feet, is the most often used ground cover firethorn.

Rosemarinus officinalis (Dwarf Rosemary). A spreading form of the well-known kitchen herb with dark, narrow leaves and light blue flowers in May and April. Thrives in sun.

Sedum (Stone crop). A succulent, evergreen herb, low and trailing habit. Does well in sun and shade and in poor soils. Drought-resistant.

Trachelospermum jasminoides (Star Jasmine). Dark substantial foliage and innumerable summer clusters of waxy white bloom of incomparable fragrance. Sun or shade. Hardy.

Vinca Minor (Periwinkle, Myrtle). Excellent evergreen, particularly for shady spots. Deep blue flowers. Very suitable for rock gardens.

Other excellent ground cover subjects are the various **CREeping VINES** (pages 28-29) such as Amelopsis, the Ivies and Honeysuckle.

LAWN SEED

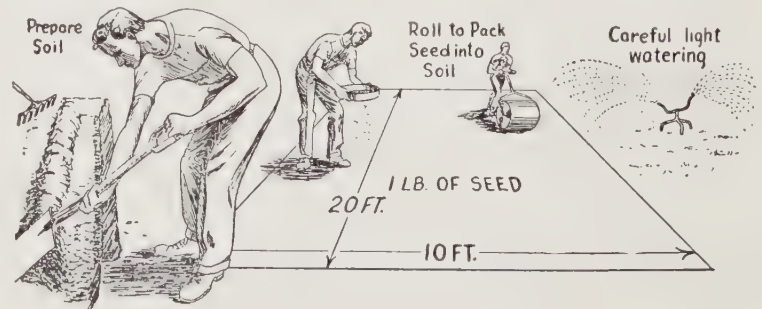
We offer the finest quality Lawn Seed. Our salesmen are fully qualified to suggest the type and mixture for your particular problem. See us when you plant a new lawn or wish to renovate an old one. Lawn rollers and mowers, seeders and fertilizer spreaders available.

10 STEPS TO A BEAUTIFUL LAWN

Much has been written on the subject of planting a lawn, but the process should not be difficult if one follows a few general rules. The soil should be fairly rich and friable. Often in our area it is necessary to add topsoil. This is available and of a good quality. In other cases the addition of gypsum at rate of 3-4 bags per 1000 square feet, humus builder or peat moss will do the necessary job. In any event the procedure after the ground is prepared is the same. We suggest these 10 steps to a beautiful lawn.

1. Turn soil and water. After weeds have sprouted turn soil again and water. This cycle should be repeated until most of the weeds are gone. This generally requires about a month.
2. Rake and level.
3. Roll and level.
4. Fertilize, using about four pounds commercial fertilizer per 100 square feet. Not manure.
5. Scratch surface slightly and sow seeds. Roll again thoroughly.
6. Apply light mulch of finely shredded Canadian Peat at the rate of 600 to 1,000 square feet per bale. Roll lightly.

7. Water with fine spray. Don't allow water to wash the peat or seed.
8. **Keep moist at all times.** Water with fine spray.
9. Some grass will appear in from 5 to 7 days. Others may take up to 3 weeks.
10. Cutting should not be done until the grass is from 2 to 3 inches high.



Soil builders, such as peat moss, leaf mold and steer manure, are also items that every garden needs. We handle only the best in this line. Insecticides and Fertilizers are necessary items to good plant growth and appearance. See our complete selection at the nursery.

EVERGREEN TREES

The trees in this group are widely planted in California for street and shade trees, as lawn specimens or for the lovely flowers of some kinds. The year around foliage is excellent to conceal objectionable views from the house and garden. In this list you will find trees for any possible purpose. All are hardy in California at higher altitudes. Most varieties available in specimen sizes. Evergreen trees may vary in price from \$1.50 up, depending on variety and size selected. Larger sizes are priced from \$3.75 up.



CAMPHOR TREE

ACACIA

Acacia Baileyana. Fern Leafed Acacia. The best of the Acacias for general planting. Plumy bluish leaves, feathery in texture, completely clothing the dense round head. In late winter or spring it is yellow with fluffy yellow flowers. Does not cause lifting of the soil, heaving of pavements, etc.

Acacia floribunda. A fast growing medium size tree making a rounded head of light green foliage. Leaves long and narrow. The creamy puffs of flowers are produced over a long period during summer. Recommended for quick effects.

Acacia latifolia. Want to hide an objectionable view, make a wind break or just have a quick background of pleasing green? This will do the trick! Low growing, with long broad leaves it gets even denser if pruned or sheared. Bright yellow fluffy flowers appear in spring.

Acacia melanoxylon, Black Acacia. Popular street tree. Makes a close tight crown of dark green leaves. A medium to large tree. 18°.

CAMPHOR

Camphora officinalis. The standard street tree in many communities, Camphor makes a uniform pleasing growth of light green leaves. The main branches make picturesque patterns, usually grey, but become black when wet by rains, thus increasing the effect. Camphor is distilled from the wood of this tree.

CAROB

Ceratonia siliqua. Extremely hardy and suitable for street planting, this low round headed tree is one of the best. It has dark grey-green rounded leaves and inconspicuous flowers.

LOQUAT

Eriobotrya japonica, Loquat. Although essentially a fruit tree prized for its fruits in early summer, this round headed tree is often desirable in the background planting. Long leathery leaves, woolly beneath.

LILY-OF-THE-VALLEY TREE

Crinodendron dependens. In appearance much like an evergreen oak, this moderately high tree with its spreading growth holds great promise as a lawn specimen. In June and July it is covered with hundreds of small, white, bell shaped flowers followed by cream and flame colored seed pods. Needs trimming and thrives on moisture.

EUCALYPTUS or GUM TREES

Eucalyptus globulus compacta. (Dwarf Blue Gum). Very bushy and compact. Good for quick growing screen planting.

Eucalyptus polyanthemos (Silver Dollar Gum). Small tree, slender, graceful. Round leaves gray-green on drooping branches. Hardy.

Eucalyptus pulverulenta (Silver Mountain Gum). Roundish, silver-gray foliage clothes this medium-high tree growing moderately fast up to 20-30 ft. Open form. The young leaves are specially attractive.

Eucalyptus sideroxylon rosea. Fast growing pyramidal Eucalyptus, very good for grouping to give a nature-like setting. Graceful and willowy in its character. Light pink flowers.

MAGNOLIA

Magnolia grandiflora. Beautiful compact tree with large deep green shiny leaves and immense white waterlily-like flowers. Slow growing to a height of about 60 feet. Always clean and neat. Give abundant water.

OLIVE

Mission and Manzanillo varieties. The ornamental value of Olives has been recognized for a long time. The old gnarled, picturesque grey trunks and wide spreading masses of greyish green foliage are a prize in themselves. Even if we don't grow them for the fruits an olive grove with trees 25 feet apart in even rows is attractive beyond description. Hardy.

RED BAY TREE

Persea Borbonia. Actually an avocado tree often planted for ornament in warm areas, growing to a height of 30 to 40 ft. The long, tapering leaves are very attractive.

STURDY OAKS

Quercus agrifolia, California Live Oak. One of the finest trees for the home grounds or street planting, the native Oak, with its picturesque habit and evergreen foliage is easy to grow if given care and careful watering.

Quercus ilex, Hollyleaf Oak. Most successful variety for local planting. Grows faster than other varieties and has more attractive foliage. Resistant to the ills that so often plague other oak varieties.

PEPPER TREE

Schinus terebinthifolia (Brazilian Pepper). A most useful tree for patios where a low and spreading tree lends itself to advantage. No worry about roots to upheave your flagstone for it is deep rooted. Beautiful in bloom and strikingly attractive each fall when laden with scarlet berries.

SILK OAK

Grevillea robusta. A large tree with pyramidal narrow crown and lacy fern-like leaves. In early summer it bursts forth with billowy masses of golden yellow flowers. A fine street tree.

EVERGREEN ELM

Ulmus sempervirens. One of the best trees for lawn planting, especially for small houses. Makes a small rounded tree with gracefully arching branches, held high enough to allow for outdoor furniture underneath. Holds its foliage well during mild winters.

Other varieties available.



SOUTHERN MAGNOLIA



EVERGREEN ELM



CALIFORNIA LIVE OAK

PLANTING TIME IN CALIFORNIA IS ALL THE TIME



FLOWERING CHERRY DAYBREAK



SILVER MAPLE



FLOWERING

Deciduous FLOWERING TREES

All Sturdy-Well-branched Trees.

FLOWERING CHERRIES

Flowering Cherries are known for the exquisite character of their prolific bloom, but their bright green foliage is prized as well. **Bare Root \$3.75 up. Higher in Containers.**

Daybreak (Akebono). Called the most beautiful tree in the world, this erect growing tree is a cloud of pink every spring with no leaf showing. A magnificent single.

Kwanzan. Small, spreading tree producing enormous double pink blooms in heavy clusters.

Mt. Fuji. Large, snowy white double flowers produced in abundance.

Naden. One of the most handsome of flowering Cherries. The semi-double flowers are of enchanting lavender-pink.

Shirofugen. When first open, the large flowers are soft pink soon changing to white and later to cerise—a constant pink and white effect on the same tree.

WEeping CHERRIES

Exquisite for lawns and small grounds, the gracefully cascading, slender branches are very effective. Available in pink, single or double. \$7.50 up.

DOGWOOD

Cornus florida, White Flowering Dogwood. Small tree, most effective in shaded locations for the attractive white flowers. Petals, like the Poinsettia, are bracts encircling the tiny flowers in the center. Early spring. \$4.50 up.

Cornus florida rubra, Pink Flowering Dogwood. The most spectacular with light red or pink flowers. Use peat or leaf mold in the soil to insure an acid reaction. Partial shade. Grafted. \$6.50 up.



PINK FLOWERING DOGWOOD

HAWTHORN

All Hawthorns Bare Root, \$4.00 up.
Higher in Containers.

Crataegus Autumn Glory. Small to medium sized tree with shiny attractive foliage. White flowers in spring, large crimson fruits in fall.

Crataegus Carrierei. White flowing pyramidal tree. Large red berries in fall.

Crataegus Cordata (Washington). White flowers. 20 ft. Clusters of small red berries in fall.

Paul's Scarlet. Most popular for its masses of double carmine-red flowers in spring.

FLOWERING CRABAPPLE

Bare Root, \$3.00 up. Higher in Containers. **Malus arnoldiana.** Arnold's Crab. Plump, carmine buds that open to delightful shades of soft satiny pink. Small, informal tree of open habit. 8-10 ft.

Malus eleyi purpurea. Purple-red blossoms, leaves reddish when young. Fruit dark wine-purple.

Malus ioensis plena, Bechtel Crab. Small tree to 15 feet. Crowded in spring with large, fragrant, double pale pink flowers. The bright green leaves are neat all year.

Malus floribunda. Tall, slender tree with graceful branches. Flowering large, single, appleblossom pink.

Other varieties available.

FLOWERING PEACH TREES

Bare root, \$2.50 up. Higher in Containers. Beautiful low growing trees wonderful for spring bloom before the leaves. Large double flowers in great masses, clothe every stem. Excellent for cutting. After bloom is over prune heavily for next season's bloom. Hardy. **Red.** Magnificent ruby red flowers. **Pink.** Beautiful rose-pink.

White. Large snow-white flowered variety.

PURPLE-LEAVED PLUMS

Bare Root, \$3.00 up. Higher in Containers. **Prunus Blireiana.** Brilliant red foliage later turning greenish. Dainty soft pink flowers line the long slender stems in spring.

Prunus pissardi, Purple Leaf Plum. Small tree, deep purple leaves and small pale pink flowers in spring. Deep red branches and twigs are interesting even in winter.

Prunus Thundercloud. Really lives up to its name. Masses of early white flowers followed by bronzy-purple foliage holding color throughout the summer.



FLOWERING PLUM (*Prunus Blireiana*)



MODESTO ASH (*Fraxinus Velutina Glabra*)



GOLDEN CHAIN TREE (*Laburnum Vossi*)

Deciduous SHADE TREES

The trees listed here lose their leaves during the winter months. All are hardy anywhere, unless minimum temperature is indicated. All are easy to grow and some make very rapid growth. Shade trees from dormant bare root stock are available for planting from late December to mid-March. In any other season, most varieties are available growing in containers at slightly higher prices.

Bare Root, \$3.00 up; in containers \$3.75 up depending on size and variety.

MAPLE

Acer dasycarpum, Silver Maple. Rapid growing large shade tree. The under side of the leaves are silvery white. Golden yellow in fall.

SILKTREE (*Albizzia*)

Albizzia julibrissin. Pink flowers with heads crowded on the upper end of the branches.

BIRCH

Betula alba, European White Birch. Popular fast growing tree with beautiful white bark with horizontal black lines. Light green foliage shimmers with the slightest breeze.

Betula alba laciniata, Cut Leaf Birch. Graceful weeping branches and delicately cut leaves make this an exquisitely beautiful tree for lawn planting. Bark same as White Birch.

ASH

Fraxinus velutina glabra, Modesto Ash. Compact, rapid growing tree with dense bright glossy green foliage. It comes out early in the spring, does not have any bothersome seed pods to clean up, and sheds its leaves late in the fall. Of intermediate size, it is very desirable for parkways, avenue and garden planting. Does equally well in coastal, valley and desert areas. 25-36 feet. 0°.

GOLDEN-CHAIN TREE

Laburnum vossi. An exceptional showy tree when in bloom in April and May. Long racemes of golden-yellow, pea-shaped blooms are suspended from branches covered with clover-like foliage.

TULIP TREE

Liriodendron tulipifera. Tall growing symmetrical tree with straight trunk and dark green leaves. Flowers are yellow-orange, cup-shaped. Always neat and trim. Leaves develop an autumn color in fall.

SWEET GUM for Fall Color

Liquidambar styraciflua. Slow growing tree with maple-like leaves useful in parkway plantings or as lawn specimens. Clean, neat growth but glorious in November and December when arrayed in its autumnal orange, red and gold.

FRUITLESS MULBERRY

Morus alba sibirica. One of the finest permanent shade trees for very rapid growth and dense shade. The large sycamore shaped leaves are of a rich, shiny dark green above the lighter green beneath. Ideal for avenue, park, and landscape plantings. Small, male flowers form, but they soon drop off. Height 30 to 40 ft. 5° below zero.

POPLAR

Populus alba bolleana, Silver Poplar. Like the Lombardy, but with silver-gray foliage.

Populus nigra italica, Lombardy Poplar. Tall slender column excellent as a tall accent tree. Frequently used as windbreak, or street trees.

SYCAMORE or PLANE TREE

Platanus orientalis, European Sycamore. Handsome symmetrical shade tree. Dense light green maple-like leaves and greenish white mottled bark on older trees. One of the most widely planted street trees for California.

Platanus racemosa, California Sycamore. See Natives, page 13.

CHINESE PISTACHE

Pistacia chinensis. This round-head, 40-60 ft. high tree is famous for the fall colors of scarlet and crimson. Does best where summers are long and hot. The walnut-like leaves are reddish when young.

OAK

Quercus coccinea, Scarlet Oak. So called for its deeply lobed foliage which turns from bright green to brilliant scarlet in cold autumn weather. Grows 60 to 80 ft. high with wide-spread ring crown. Bark reddish in winter.

Quercus palustris (Pin Oak). Very fine street tree, tall with gracefully drooping branches. Deep lobed foliage with sharp points.

Quercus rubra (Red Oak). An excellent tree of rapid growth. Foliage turns russet and copper in autumn.

WEeping WILLOW

Salix babylonica. Grows up to 30 feet with long drooping branches. The leaves are finely toothed, greyish-green beneath.

ELM

Ulmus pumila, Chinese Elm. Very rapid growing, extremely hardy tree. Tolerant of most soil and water conditions. Holds leaves late.

CONIFEROUS

The coniferous evergreens all have either needle-like or scale-like leaves, and most all have cones for fruits, except Junipers and Yews which bear berries. All forms and shapes are available from low spreading Junipers, formal little Arborvitae, through medium sized shrubs to very large trees. They are a hardy lot, thriving from the mountains through the warm valleys to the sea coast.

Coniferous Evergreens vary in price from \$1.25 up, depending on the variety and size selected. Larger sizes are priced from \$3.75 up.



MONTEREY PINE



CALIFORNIA INCENSE CEDAR



TAMARIX JUNIPER

STATELY CEDARS

Cedrus deodara, Indian Cedar. Widely planted in California for its magnificent shape and light green foliage. Also used as living Christmas Tree, for avenue planting, or specimens.

CALIFORNIA INCENSE CEDAR

Libocedrus decurrens. This native of the Pacific Coast is of vigorous growth with foliage similar to *Arborvitae*. Especially suited as an accent plant because of its pyramidal form.

LAWSON CYPRESS

Chamaecyparis lawsoniana alumi. Dense growing blue form. Suitable for accents in the foundation planting.

Chamaecyparis lawsoniana ellwoodi. Slow and dense growing. One of the finest evergreen shrubs. Always neat in appearance. The soft blue-green foliage is attractive the year around.

Chamaecyparis obtusa (Dwarf Hinoki Cypress). Low, globular, with dense overlapping fronds of soft, deep green. Very slow growing. Best for accent in foundation or garden.

Chamaecyparis lawsoniana nidiformis (Birds-nest Cypress). The low spreading habit gave this unusual cypress its name. Very charming. Just right for foreground planting.

Chamaecyparis lawsoniana stewarti (Golden Lawson Cypress). A dense, symmetrical, pyramidal tree that keeps its golden-hued color well in all seasons. Covered with lustrous, rich foliage right down to the ground.



LAWSON CYPRESS



DEODAR CEDAR

CYPRESS

Cupressus arizonica (Arizona Cypress). Narrow pyramidal tree with blue green foliage. Makes a fine windbreak or specimen.

Cupressus Forbesi (Forbes Cypress). A substitute for Monterey Cypress for hedge planting. Introduced because of its resistance to the fatal cypress fungus. It is identical to the Monterey Cypress in growth and appearance. Available in flats for hedge planting.

Cupressus macrocarpa (Monterey Cypress). Most popular cypress in California as a hedge or windbreak. Very picturesque when wind blows its long-reaching branches clothed in deep green foliage. Stands shearing very well.

Cupressus sempervirens (Italian Cypress). Tall slender spires of deep green invaluable for accent planting or along private driveways. Narrow compact type grown from cuttings only.

SPRUCE

Picea excelsa (Norway Spruce). One of the best types for "Living Christmas" trees, especially as a lawn specimen. Very symmetrical dark, rich foliage. Moderate growth.

Picea pungens (Colorado Spruce). Stiffer in appearance and much slower growing than others. Makes an excellent outdoor Christmas tree or small specimen.

PLANTING TIME IN CALIFORNIA IS ALL THE TIME

EVERGREENS

THE VERSATILE JUNIPERS

SPREADING TYPES

Juniperus chinensis prostrata. A pleasing variation from the compact growing Sabina, with bold, coarse textured, jagged horizontal growth. Adaptable to sloping ground as cover or accent.

Juniperus conferta, Shore Juniper. Attractive light-green unaffected by sun or salt wind. It hugs the ground with arching branchlets.

Pfitzers (Juniperus Pfitzeriana). Popular all over the country in heat and cold, this favorite is equally at home. A low-spreading shrub with fine small soft needles. Excellent ground cover or as low accent plant.

Juniperus pfitzeriana armstrongi (Armstrong's Juniper). A select, excellent type of Pfitzer Juniper. Compact and bluer, softer foliage.

Juniperus pfitzeriana aurea (Golden Juniper). Golden yellow foliage. Upright growth.

Juniperus sabina tamariscifolia (Tamarix Juniper). Spreading close to the ground with blue-green short needles. Good in contrast to the above. Useful as a low shrub for foundation planting.

ERECT TYPE

Juniperus torulosa, Hollywood Juniper. An irregular growing shrub with decidedly Japanese outline. Beautiful in rock garden backgrounds or as specimens where the form and dense tufts of green foliage show to advantage.



PFITZER JUNIPERS and ARBORVITAE

SEQUOIA—The Redwood

Sequoia gigantea, California Big Tree. Beautiful trim pyramidal tree with blue green foliage. Thrives anywhere except on the desert.

Sequoia sempervirens (Coast Redwood). More rapid growing, this cousin of the Big Tree has longer, needle-like dark green leaves and the same bright reddish bark. In young trees the branches fall gracefully and fan out at lower levels.

PINE TREES

Pinus canariensis, Canary Island Pine. Narrow symmetrical tree with horizontal branches evenly spaced in whorls about the straight trunk. Long needles, large tufts. One of the best for California.

Pinus halepensis. The Aleppo Pine forms a round headed tree with foliage in tufts at the ends of the branches, close and fine textured, making excellent specimens. Its contrasting shades of green enhance any landscape planting.

Mugho Pine. Grows to 2 feet. Branches are upright, dense and spreading. Very useful in foundation planting and rock gardens. Very slow grower. Hardy.

Pinus radiata, Monterey Pine. Tall bushy symmetrical tree with deep green foliage. Rapid growth, succeeds anywhere in California.

Other Pines available.

ARBORVITAE

Thuja aurea nana, Berckman's Golden Arborvitae. Popular dwarf golden variety. Tips of the branches bright golden yellow throughout most of the year. Hardy to cold and dry conditions.

Thuja beverleyensis, Golden Column Arborvitae. Tall, narrow bright golden yellow column. Requires full sun to keep the color. Fine as specimen shrub.

Thuja occidentalis pyramidal. The leaves, roughly fan-shaped, have a fragrant odor and grow compactly; attractive in all stages of life.

YEW

Taxus baccata fastigiata (Irish). Narrow columns of deepest green foliage. Slow upright growth. An excellent plant for accents.



MUGHO PINE



COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE



BERCKMANN'S GOLDEN ARBORVITAE



IRISH YEW

PLANTING TIME IN CALIFORNIA IS ALL THE TIME

ROSES

Turn to pages 24-25
for complete
listing of roses



©
PEACE
(Pat. 591)



This insignia, AARS, guarantees that the rose variety with which it is associated has been observed and scored in test gardens throughout America and has been voted an All America Selection.

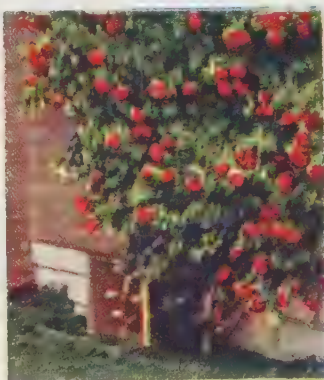


CHARLES MALLERIN
(Pat. 933)



Cib.
CHARLOTTE
ARMSTRONG
(Pat. 523)

roses where the bloom can be seen at a distance and easily examined close by. Cut out old wood after blooming, thus encouraging new vigorous growth from the base. This will bloom the next season. We carry a good selection of the more popular varieties.



FIRST LOVE (Pat. 921)

Climbing Roses

Climbing roses are beautiful subjects to train against walls or trellises or allowed to ramble over rough fences. They may be used on arbors and per-

PLANTING TIME IN CALIFORNIA IS ALL THE TIME

for Continuous Beauty...



1955

All America
Selections

—
See also
TIFFANY
on
front cover



JIMINY CRICKET (P.A.F.)



QUEEN ELIZABETH (Pat. 1259)



SUN VALLEY
(Pat. 1135)



CHRYSLER IMPERIAL (Pat. 1167)




FORTY-NINER (Pat. 792)

Hybrid Tea ROSES

for Continuous Beauty

MULTI-COLOR ROSES


AUTUMN. Burnt orange, streaked red, underlaid with yellow. Fragrant.

 **FORTY-NINER** (Pat. 792). One of the most brilliantly hued flowers of recent introduction. Color combination is outstanding with its vivid red petals, bright yellow to straw yellow on the outside. Mild, pleasing fragrance. Long pointed buds opening to well formed flowers. \$2.50 each.

PRESIDENT HOOVER. Shades of cerise-pink, orange and scarlet combined. Spicy fragrance.


TALISMAN. Fragrant orange-scarlet with gold and yellow shades.

ORANGE AND COPPER-ORANGE ROSES

 **FRED EDMUNDS** (Pat. 713). Beautiful buds of burnt-orange open to lasting blooms of reddish apricot blended with rose, gold and salmon. A very vigorous, free-blooming rose. \$2.00 each.

HINRICH GAEDE. Orange-yellow with nasturtium-red glow.

MME. HENRI GUILLOT (Pat. 337). A distinctive and sensational variety. Beautifully formed buds, reddish orange with undertone of gold, opening to rich, deep pink flowers of camellia-like form. Vigorous, symmetrical plants and glossy light green foliage. \$2.00 each.

 **MOJAVE** (Pat. 1176). Striking color combination of blended salmon, apricot and orange. Upright plant with handsome buds and open flowers. The only hybrid tea AARS winner for 1954. \$2.75 each.

MRS. SAM MCGREDY. Fragrant blooms of scarlet, copper and orange.




PICTURE




ETOILE DE HOLLANDE


PINK ROSES

FIRST LOVE (Pat. 921). Long slender delicate dawn pink, a little deeper on the outside shading to salmon, orchid and rose in the hot weather. Tips of the petals pointed and recurved. Each flower borne singly on a long stem. \$2.25 each.

 **HELEN TRAUBEL** (Pat. 1028). A truly outstanding rose. The color varies from a light, sparkling pink to luminous apricot. The magnificent buds are unusually large and long and open to a lavish display of vivid colors. The large plants are nearly always covered with buds and blooms. \$2.50 each.


 **KATHERINE T. MARSHALL** (Pat. 607). Warm, soft pink of fruity fragrance. Long buds and very large flowers. \$1.75 each.

PICTURE. Rich pink rose with warm undertones of salmon which make the color cheerful and glowing. A continuous bloomer.

 **QUEEN ELIZABETH** (Pat. 1259). 1955 All America Winner. Classified as a grandiflora rose, it is among the first of a new class of roses whose plants are of relatively tall growth, free flowering — often with many flowers in clusters, but with individual stems long enough for cutting. The unusually clear glowing blooms are a beautiful blend of soft carmine rose and dawn pink. \$3.00 each.

TEXAS CENTENNIAL (Pat. 162). The red counterpart of President Herbert Hoover: A bright glowing carmine red, deepening in cool weather. Plant tall and vigorous and generous with magnificent blooms. \$1.50 each.

THE DOCTOR. Shapely long pointed buds of clear silvery pink, open to really enormous blooms of the same pure color and intense fragrance. One of the really great roses.

 **TIFFANY** (P.A.F.). The only 1955 All America Winner in the Hybrid Tea class. Both the buds and the lovely high-centered open blooms are perfect "picture" pink. See color illustration on front cover. \$3.00 each.

Of the multitude of new roses offered each season, only a few have merit enough to stay with us. Roses described on these pages have been selected for distinctive individuality. Their garden merit has been well proven, therefore, satisfactory performance has established their popularity.


BARE ROOT PRICE

\$1.50 each unless otherwise indicated.
Priced higher in containers. Available all year.

RED ROSES

BRAVO (Pat. 983). Well shaped, ruffled cardinal-red. Big, full, lusty blooms holding their brilliant color well even in hot weather. Slightly fragrant. \$2.25 each.

CHARLES MALLERIN (Pat. 933). "Buds and blooms of midnight crimson velvet. The finest, big black-red rose to date and the most velvety in appearance. It does not blue." Richly fragrant. Tall, vigorous, not too symmetrical. \$2.50 each.


 **CHRYSLER IMPERIAL** (Pat. 1167). Vivid crimson tones from brightest to deepest shades. 40-50 petaled fragrant blooms, 4-5 inches across, borne singly on perfect cutting stems lasting up to one week when cut, even in warm weather. Buds long and tapering, foliage large, dark, semi-glossy. \$2.50 each.

ETOILE DE HOLLANDE. Buds of velvet maroon open to a beautiful rose of glowing crimson with darker shadings. Does not fade. Old-rose fragrance.

NEW YORKER (Pat. 823). Clear large, sparkling red flowers that do not fade in any type of weather. All of the blossoms that we have ever seen were at least 6 inches across, and they were beautiful. The fragrance makes us think of raspberries. \$2.00 each.

PRESIDENT EISENHOWER (Pat. 1217). The large, ovoid buds of this new rose open to 4 to 5 inch blooms of rich, unfading, rose-red of lasting brilliance, singly on strong stems. The upright, bushy plant has excellent dark green disease-resistant foliage. \$2.50 each.

CERISE RED ROSES

 **CHARLOTTE ARMSTRONG** (Pat. 455). Beautiful, long, pointed buds of clear cerise-pink opening to well-formed flowers, margined with a thin silvery line. Mildew-resistant, vigorous and free branching. \$2.25 each.



McGREDY'S IVORY

WHITE ROSES

McGREDY'S IVORY. Long-pointed buds, large perfectly formed creamy ivory-white flowers. Sweetly fragrant.


NEIGE PARFUM. Very fragrant, large double white, sometimes tinted cream, on long stems. Leathery foliage. Vigorous.

SLEIGH BELLS (Pat. 1004). Freely produced long ovoid buds opening gradually into large size blooms of gleaming white with a trace of cool primrose at the base. Fragrant. \$2.00 each.


YELLOW ROSES

ECLIPSE. Long tapering yellow buds enhanced by a narrow green calyx. Rich golden yellow without shading.


BUCCANEER (Pat. 1119). A unique new brilliant buttercup yellow, shining and lasting, with long, slender, tapering buds and richly cupped blooms colorproof in nearly all weather. Strong, free-branching canes. \$2.75 each.

 **LOWELL THOMAS** (Pat. 595). Very double high centered flowers in a lasting canary yellow. Large, long-pointed buds. Vigorous compact bush—upright habit and leathery foliage. \$2.00 each.

MRS. E. P. THOM. Double deep canary-yellow flowers. Fragrant.

 **PEACE** (Pat. 591). Large, fully double flowers opening from well shaped buds. Often a clear pleasing yellow, sometimes only yellow at base, fading to a lighter tint and a delicate pink where the petals turn over. \$2.50 each.

SUN VALLEY (Pat. 1135). Rose growers from coast to coast in conclusive trials have found this the purest non-fading yellow rose holding its color for days even in bright sunshine without a trace of fading. The exact shade is true guinea gold. The large beautifully shaped buds come on tall, straight stems. The foliage is dark green, vigorous and disease resistant. \$2.50 each.

 **SUTTER'S GOLD** (Pat. 885). The only rose to win both the Bagatelle Gold Medal and the All-America Award for 1950. Beautiful golden buds overlaid with orange and red open to spectacular flowers with more fragrance than any other yellow rose. \$2.25 each.

CLUSTER-FLOWERED ROSES


Generally speaking this group of roses are small flowered, but there are a lot of them. Beds of Floribundas are very bright and showy. The dwarfier ones make fine borders for the rose garden, or plant in groups of three or more to enliven the shrubbery.


EMBERS (Pat. 1178). A new, fairly tall growing floribunda with flowers of such glowing, burning red, they outshine anything in the garden. Embers named itself. The warmer, the brighter, aging to dark red. Thick semi-glossy foliage. Rounded, moderately spreading, 3-4 ft. \$2.25 each.


GOLDBLOCKS (Pat. 672). Considered by many the best yellow polyantha rose on the coast. Healthy, floriferous and lovely. Performs best in semi-shaded location. 2 ft. \$1.50 each.

IRENE OF DENMARK (Pat. 889). Large, double, graceful blooms of pure white, much better form than older white varieties. Extremely hardy and very satisfactory growth. Medium high. \$1.75 each.

JIMINY CRICKET (P.A.F.). 1955 All America Winner. Tangerine red buds opening to coral-orange. Pleasing old rose fragrance. Foliage lush glossy green, 4 ft. \$2.50 each.

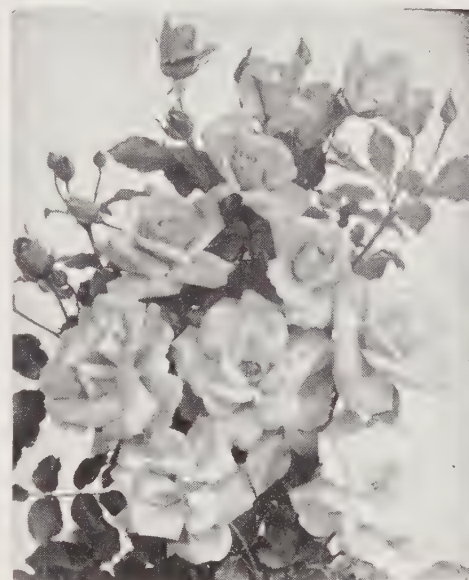
 **LILIBET** (Pat. 1209). 1954 AARS winner. Lovely shade of baby-pink, bearing perfectly shaped tiny buds suitable for small arrangements and corsages. When fully open it shows a cluster of prominent yellow stamens. Nice foliage on bushy plants of medium height. \$2.00 each.

 **MA PERKINS** (Pat. 1143). AARS 1953. The cup-shaped flowers are light pink with yellow suffusion in the early stages, turning to soft coral pink as they age. Pungent fragrance. Bushy growth. Rich, disease resistant foliage. 2 1/2-3 feet. \$2.00 each.


 **PINKIE** (Pat. 712). Long, slender perfect little pink buds open to fully double flowers about two inches across. 2 ft. \$1.75 each.

PINOCCHIO (Pat. 484). Pointed rich salmon buds with a touch of yellow at the base open to soft pink blooms of typical hybrid tea form. Covered with blooms all through the season. 2 1/2 ft. \$1.50 each.

VALENTINE (Pat. 1029). A new bright red Floribunda with 2 1/2-inch semi-double flowers. Ideal for a low hedge or border. Will provide color all summer. 1 1/2 to 2 ft. \$1.75 each.



VOGUE (Pat. 926)

 **VOGUE** (Pat. 926). AARS 1952. Brilliant glowing cherry coral. Individual flowers, three to four inches in diameter are shaped like hybrid tea roses. Rich spicy fragrance. 2 1/2 to 3 ft. \$2.00 each.



TREE ROSES

To set off your rose garden and accent your beautiful bush roses be sure to plant several tree roses. Tree roses are the same as bush roses but are budded on straight clean tall stems usually about 36 to 48 inches high. We have an excellent selection of both patent and non-patented varieties for you to choose from and either bare root or in containers. Tree roses make excellent driveway and hedge plantings.



AZALEA, PINK PEARL



RHODODENDRON, ALICE



RHODODENDRON PLANTING



AZALEA HINODEGIRI

See
descriptions
on
opposite
page.



RHODODENDRON PURPLE SPLENDOR



AZALEA, ALBERT & ELIZABETH

AZALEAS...

INDICA AZALEAS

These are by far the choicest of the Azalea family with closely formed bushy growth, neat dark green leaves and a gorgeous display of large flowers, mostly double but of delicate pleasing quality, often blended with other colors, plain or ruffled. Not as hardy as Kurumes in some localities. Good in tubs, as patio plants. Potted \$1.50 and up.

Albert and Elizabeth. Double, white with pale pink margins.

Erie. Double, variegated light pink, darker toward the center.

Fred Sanders. Large double rose-red, blooms for months. Compact.

Niobe. Pure white.

Orchidflora. Huge, double fuchsia-pink flowers. Feb. and March.

Paul Schame. Double. Lustrous coral salmon. Most popular.

Pink Pearl. One of the most popular. Large delicate pink flowers, daintily doubled and spotted.

Verveaneana. Double. Rose Bengal with deep spots. Choice.

KURUME AZALEAS

The flowers on Kurume Azaleas are not as large as Indica Azaleas but are more profuse. They are frequently planted outdoors for large masses of color. Kurume Azaleas stand more cold than Indica Azaleas, are hardiest for general garden use. \$1.50 and up.

Chimes. Semi-double vivid dark red flowers in abundance. Med.

Coral Bells. Deep pink blooms through March.

Hexe. Deep red flowers, larger than most Kurumes, through February, March and April.

Hinodegiri. Most showy of Kurume Azaleas; in April it is covered completely with bright flowers.

Snowdrift. Masses of semi-double flowers, pure glistening white.

Sweetheart Supreme. A double blush-pink resembling the sweetheart rose. Blooms January through March.

Ward's Ruby. A gorgeous and brilliant mass of ruby red flowers.

Other varieties available.

SOUTHERN INDICAS

Duc de Rohan. A semi-dwarf and compact grower. Delicate salmon-pink flowers are born in profusion. Blooms midseason to late.

Pride of Dorking. Deep carmine-red flowers. Medium in growth, very showy. Blooms late.

Iveryana. Large white flowers with rose colored edgings. Fast grower, blooms midseason to late.

Brilliant. Bushy, compact grower producing masses of flame red flowers. Midseason to late.

GABLE HYBRIDS

Are the hardiest of the evergreen azaleas. Hardy where winter temperatures do not fall below 10°. The winter foliage is good though not as lavish as the Kurumes'. In bloom late April through May.

Louise Gable. Double salmon pink. Med. high.

Purple Splendor. Frilled purple flowers. Med. high.

Rosebud. Pearl-pink flowers of rosebud form. Low.

Pearle de Saffelaire. White.



RHODODENDRON, PINK PEARL

... RHODODENDRONS ...

We carry a good selection in size and variety of these popular shade loving plants. See them at the nursery. A wealth of dark green glossy evergreen foliage serves as a background to numerous large clusters of gorgeous flowers which appear in the spring and early summer. All colors are represented: white, apricot, pink, orange, red, yellow and purple, in all shades and tints. Rhododendrons hold their color longer in shade, are beautiful for mass effects. They are surface feeders and require a mulch of peat moss about 4 or 5 inches thick or a thick layer of leaves to keep the surface soil around the plants moist. Balled and burlapped, \$4.50 up. Specimens available.

Alice. One of the finest pinks, free flowering and with rich green foliage. A brilliant pink with large conical trusses. Midseason.

Betty Wormald. Large trusses of pink flowers showing a pale purple blotch on the upper petal. Midseason.

C. B. Van Ness. A splendid hybrid with scarlet trusses of waxy bell shaped flowers, erect habit, and good foliage. Blooms in mid-April and an excellent garden plant.

Cornubia. Large robust habit and large foliage. Clear deep red flowers appear much earlier than regular season.

Cottage Gardens Pride. Large rich pink blossoms with brownish-purple blotch. Unquestionably the finest hybrid variety introduced in recent years.

Dr. Endtz. Late flowering carmine pink.

Earl of Athlone. Excellent blood red hybrid. The foliage is superb and the rounded tight trusses are of good substance and appear late in April.

Eureka Maid (Pat. 432). Combines the best features of Pink Pearl and Alice. Robust, yet compact; flowers on large conical trusses are deep rich pink.

Lord Roberts. One of the finest dark reds. Medium-sized trusses in abundance on compact plants. Good drainage.

Pink Pearl. The most popular and widely known pink variety. Flowers light clear pink and large in size on large conical trusses. Plant robust in habit; has excellent green foliage.

Purple Splendor. The finest rich deep royal purple in existence. Late midseason.

Unknown warrior. Fiery-red blooms on good sized trusses. Elongated foliage dark green on sturdy, compact plants.

A Larger Selection of Rhododendrons Available at Our Nursery.



AZALEA PLANTING

PLANTING TIME IN CALIFORNIA IS ALL THE TIME



TRUMPET VINE (Bignonia)

TRUMPET VINES

All Bignonia (Trumpet Vines): Gal. \$1.50
Larger sizes available

Strong, rapid growing evergreen climbing vines useful in many places for their ability to cover large areas and for the showy trumpet-shaped bloom. Will stand temperatures to about 25°.

Bignonia chamberlayni, Yellow Trumpet Vine. Strong growing, evergreen vine with clusters of showy, yellow-orange, trumpet-shaped flowers. An ideal cover for fences, etc., where it is desirable to get a quick cover. Self supporting.

Bignonia cherere. Perhaps the showiest of the group. Free growing vine with deep green glossy evergreen foliage and large clusters of 4-inch trumpets; bright red with yellow throat and tints of lavender on the tubes. Reliable bloom. 25°.

Bignonia violacea, Painted Trumpet Vine. An excellent vine for sunny or shady places. Produces quantities of delicate lavender trumpets with deeper veins. Always dainty and nice. Fine glossy, evergreen foliage. Hardy to about 19°.

CLEMATIS

Clematis are woody, deciduous climbing vines of dense but loose foliage and with single petal-like flowers, where flat, wide open appearance has a peculiar charm.

Clematis armandi. An evergreen native of China with large white flowers in spring and vigorously climbing leathery foliage. Gal. \$3.00 and up.

Clematis jackmani. Purple. Attaining the length of 10 feet, it is a rapid climber and blossoms freely. Gal. \$2.00.

Clematis henryi. Creamy white. The large white flowers and intense green foliage present a striking appearance. Blossoms in late July or early August. Gal. \$2.00.

Clematis Mme. Andre. Red. Grows to a height of 8 feet. It is a free and persistent producer of crimson flowers from July to September. Gal. \$2.00.

Nelly Moser. Mauve with red bars. Gal. \$2.00.

Clematis Ramona. Light blue. Grows from 8-10 feet, the blossoms appearing in July and lasting for several weeks. Its clear, sky-blue flowers give it a charm all of its own. Gal. \$2.00.

VINES and CLIMBERS

Vines should be considered in all plantings, some for their foliage and others for their exquisite bloom. There are vines that will cling to masonry and wood without any additional support such as Ampelopsis, Ficus and English Ivy. Others are dependent on trellis work on which they will naturally twine — Cissus, Honeysuckle, Bignonia and many others. They are extremely valuable to add interest to blank walls, to provide shade on arbors and summer houses, others to cover fences and walls. Many have useful and colorful bloom. All are hardy unless indicated.

BOUGAINVILLEA

No vine is more typical of California than Bougainvillea with its lavish display of color, from the dry desert regions to the seacoast, on Spanish type houses and over walls and fences. In planting be careful not to break ball of soil when removing from containers. This injury may cause them to die. We suggest cutting off the bottom of the container and planting with the side intact, allowing the metal to rust away. Otherwise they are free and rapid growers. Tender, particularly new growth.

Bougainvilleas: Gal. \$2.00 up

Bougainvillea, Barbara Karst. Compact bushy vines of medium growth being a most consistent bloomer, even when quite young. The color is slightly lighter than Crimson Lake but very pleasing.

Bougainvillea brasiliensis. Large showy rosy-purple flowers of a pleasing color produced in quantity most of the year, heaviest show in winter and spring. Hardest of all. Sun. 25°.

Bougainvillea San Diego Red. Vigorous growing vine with brick red flowers. Slow to bloom but after planting quickly makes a rapid growth and becomes very floriferous. Tender. 30°.

Bougainvillea Texas Dawn (P.A.F.). A marvelous new variety combining the grace and brightness common to all bougainvilleas with two special virtues of its own. One is the unusual size of the flower clusters, and the other is the unique color—a light, bright Tyrian rose.



CLEMATIS RAMONA

CREEPING FIGS

Ficus repens. Wonderful rich green, large oval leaves. Hardy, vigorous growth. Clings closely to walls. Gal. \$1.25.

IVIES

All Ivies: Gal. \$1.25; Flats \$7.50 up

Hedera canariensis, Algerian Ivy. Large, green leaves and vigorous, rampant growth make this an excellent vine for ground cover, climbing on fences, or trained on porch posts.

Hedera canariensis variegata, Variegated Algerian Ivy. The green leaves are variegated with white in many interesting patterns. A nice vine to use against dark walls where the white and green make a lively combination.

Hedera helix, English Ivy. English Ivy makes a delightful ground cover of glossy dark green leaves. It is useful to train over a wire fence whence it makes a dense impenetrable hedge needing little care. Useful for pot culture indoors, in patios and shade houses. Sun or shade.

Hedera Hahn's Branching. Excellent small-leaved variety particularly suited for window boxes or pot culture.



CAROLINA JESSAMINE

JASMINES

Jasminum grandiflorum, Spanish Jasmine. A slender vigorous vine with clusters of large fragrant white flowers from June to November. Very fine vine for trellises or to clamber over fences. 25°. Gal. \$1.50.

Jasminum primulinum, Primrose Jasmine. Fast growing old-fashioned vine with double yellow flowers in winter. Fine for covering steep unsightly banks. Minimum of water. Sun. Gal. \$1.25.

CAROLINA JASMINE

Gelsemium sempervirens. Beautiful evergreen twiner. Small tubular yellow flowers with an elusive fragrance and wide flaring mouths cover the vine in great abundance, starting in December and for several months. Sun. Gal. \$1.50.

STAR JASMINE

Trachelospermum jasminoides, Star Jasmine. Evergreen vine bearing clusters of showy white star-like flowers with lovely fragrance. One of the finest vines for shady places. Also excellent for ground cover plantings. Grows equally well in sun. Flowers in the evening. Splendid foliage. Excellent in tubs. Hardy. \$1.50 and up.

Provide Year-'round Color and Beauty

TRUMPET VINES

Tecoma jasminoides rosea. Foliage a lovely bright green, not heavy nor too rampant, and producing large clusters of pale pink trumpets each with a ruby red throat. 24°. \$1.50 up.

Tecoma capensis, **Cape Honeysuckle**. Leaves are shiny deep green, always neat in appearance and very nice with the clusters of bright orange-red flowers, suggestive of honeysuckles. Hardy to 24°. Sun. \$1.50 and up.

Tecoma Mme. Galen. Large red flowers borne in large clusters all summer. Hardy. \$2.00.

CLIMBING HONEYSUCKLES

Lonicera halliana, **Hall's Japanese Honeysuckle**. An old favorite. Vigorous vine useful for its evergreen foliage and soil binding roots as a ground cover or on fences. Fragrant flowers white, fading to yellow. Very hardy. Gal. \$1.25.

Lonicera hildebrandtiana, **Giant Burmese Honeysuckle**. Not like the graceful honeysuckle listed above, this giant of a vine has beautiful light green leathery leaves and curious intensely fragrant flowers, with long tubes, often to 6 inches, in good sized cluster. Open yellow then assume an orange tint before they fall. \$2.50 up.

VIRGINIA CREEPER

Parthenocissus quinquefolia, **Virginia Creeper**. Large five fingered leaves turning intensely scarlet in fall. Not evergreen. Rapid climber, clinging to walls, very hardy, therefore useful in the mountains. Gal. \$1.50.

BOSTON IVY

Parthenocissus tricuspidata veitchii, **Boston Ivy**. Clings to any rough surface without help, covering large areas with delicate light green foliage, which in fall turns many brilliant hues of red. Very hardy and deciduous. Gal. \$1.50.



BOUGAINVILLEA BARBARA KARST

PASSION VINE

Passiflora pfordti. Graceful ornamental vine with large 4 to 5-inch flowers showing white with shades of lavender or pink in the petals, deep blue corona and green flower parts. Give it a place of prominence on arbor, fence or trellis. 25°. Gal. \$1.50.



STAR JASMINE PLANTING



WISTERIA

SILVERLACE VINE

Polygonum auberti. A rapid growing deciduous vine. Supplies panicles of fragrant flowers in late summer. Will cover large areas in a short time. Sun or part shade. Particularly desirable in cold locations. Gal. \$1.50.

WISTERIAS

Deciduous vines well known for their long hanging clusters of pea-shaped flowers of delicate coloring and exquisite fragrance. Makes a delicate tracery of stems on arbors and in spring before the leaves appear in a sudden burst of color. Grafted plants.

Available bare root and in containers.

Wisteria violacea plena. Clarke's double violet.

Wisteria longissima. Beautiful light lavender variety with longer racemes than most varieties.

Wisteria longissima alba. Same as above, but white.

Wisteria sinensis, **Chinese Wisteria**. Fragrant flowers of royal blue in attractive racemes.

Wisteria sinensis alba, **White Chinese Wisteria**. Racemes are long, pure white.

Wisteria floribunda rosea, **Pink Wisteria**. Rose pink racemes, suffused with shell pink.

Wisterias in tree form are available at our nursery.

PLANTING TIME IN CALIFORNIA IS ALL THE TIME

Deciduous FRUIT TREES

In these times, with high prices of fruits and vegetables, as well as other commodities, many are turning to home gardening as a means of cutting the cost of living. And rightly so, for the quality of home grown fruit is much superior to that from the market. These few back yard trees add a glorious touch to the spring garden with their handsome blossoms and later with their colorful fruits. For commercial plantings ask for quotations and varieties not listed here.

Trees are priced bare root at about \$1.75 each, depending on size and variety. Slightly higher in containers.



APPLE, RED DELICIOUS

Grow Your Own Fruit



BING CHERRY



ROYAL APRICOT

APPLES

Apples are a satisfactory home garden fruit in this area. Ornamental as well as fruitful.

➤ **Gravenstein.** Summer ripening apple of medium size. Skin yellow with red stripes. White flesh. Excellent for cooking and eating.

➤ **Jonathan.** Fall ripening medium size apple with crisp, juicy flesh. Solid red when ripe. Bears when young. October.

➤ **Newtown Pippin.** Very large rounded apples. Late ripening. White flesh, sharp flavored, is fine for eating if fruit is picked early. One of the best cooking apples.

➤ **Red Delicious.** Large tapered fruits of exceptionally deep red color. Most delicious of all eating apples. Late.

➤ **Red June.** Deep red, medium-sized desert apple. Flesh white and tender with a pleasant sub-acid flavor. Does well in the hot interior valleys. July.

➤ **Winesap.** Medium; dark red; prolific bearer. Best keeping apple. Good market variety in West.

➤ **Yellow Delicious.** Large, golden yellow, crisp, firm and delicious. A fine apple for all purposes. Yellow Delicious is a good pollinizer. September.

ALMONDS

For frost-free areas with hot summer temperatures. Almonds produce one of California's important crops. They need different varieties to give pollen to the better varieties for better crops.

➤ **Ne Plus Ultra.** Popular kind with large soft shelled nuts. Pollinates Nonpareil.

Nonpareil. Is the leading commercial variety. Popular for its paper thin shells.

CRABAPPLE

➤ **Transcendent.** Good size, August ripening. Yellow fruits blushed red. The best variety for California.

APRICOTS

Few fruits give as satisfactory returns to the home gardener as do the apricots. Small trees bearing enormous crops in early summer.

Blenheim. Large, attractive fruits, well formed and delicious. Trees are steady producers of high-quality drying, canning and fresh fruits.

➤ **Moorpark.** Large round deeply colored fruits. Best for eating. Fine along the coast. Shy bearer. July.

Royal. Large well formed attractive fruit. The flesh is delicious and deep orange in color. Sweet. One of our best varieties and a favorite for home planting. June.

Fruit trees from dormant bare root stock are available for planting from late December to March. In any other season most varieties are available growing in containers at slightly higher prices.

CHERRIES

Either Black Tartarian, Montmorency or English Morello must be planted with Royal Anne or Bing to insure pollination.

➤ **Bing.** Large heart-shaped sweet fruits. Glossy skin. Firm flesh, almost black. Fine canning variety. June.

➤ **Black Tartarian.** Sweet juicy purplish black cherry. Heavy bearing, large tree. Pollinizes other sweet cherries.

➤ **English Morello.** One of the best home varieties. Small round headed tree with dark red fruits, almost black when ripe.

➤ **Royal Anne.** Large light amber cherries suffused with red when ripe. Fine for canning.



BROWN TURKEY FIG

FIGS

➤ **Brown Turkey.** Large, long rich purplish-brown fig. Strawberry red flesh is sweet and juicy. Prune heavily.

➤ **Kadota.** All-purpose white fig—drying, pickling or eating fresh. Medium pale yellow skin, sweet amber flesh.

➤ **Mission, California Black Fig.** Medium size to large figs long necked deep violet-black figs with brownish-red flesh. Prune lightly. Does well in all sections.

NECTARINES

➤ **Freedom (Pat. 1161).** Very large, highly colored Freestone Nectarine, flesh golden yellow, firm, juicy, good for shipping, canning and home table, excellent flavor. Ripens late July. (Add \$1.50 royalty.)

➤ **Gold Mine.** Large white, red blushed freestone; juicy white fleshed with excellent flavor for home use. Early August.

➤ **Stanwick.** Pale green shaded with purple. Commercial variety. Early August.

for the Home Orchard



PEACH, RIO OSO GEM

PEACHES (Freestone)

Elberta. Large yellow, with red cheek; flesh yellow, firm, juicy, of high quality. Exceedingly prolific. Leading market variety, valuable for shipping, canning and drying. Mid-July.

Gold Dust (Pat. 1144). Very early, firm, yellow-fleshed, delicious and ripening 40 days ahead of Elberta. It's the finest peach ripening at this season, showing great promise as a commercial shipping variety. The fruit is crisp and juicy, with a pleasing non-acid flavor. When correctly packed it shows excellent keeping qualities. Vigorous tree, consistent bearer. Mid-June. Add 25c royalty.

Rio Oso Gem (Pat. 841). Similar to J. H. Hale, large round fruits, brilliant dark crimson shading to orange-red. Yellow flesh of fine flavor. Two weeks after J. H. Hale.

J. H. Hale. The almost fuzzless skin is over-spread with deep crimson; the flesh is yellow, red at the pit, unusually firm.

Nectar. An excellent early white fleshed freestone ripening in late June to early July. Large size, red blush, firm, juicy, fine texture.

Strawberry Freestone. Medium to large yellow peach blushed red. Flesh white, red around the pit. Early July.

PEACHES (Cling)

Palora Cling. Leading midseason canning variety in all peach districts. Large fruit, clear yellow, fine-grained flesh. Excellent for home orchards as well as commercial canning. Aug.

Other varieties available.

PEARS

Bartlett. The outstanding canning, drying, and market pear. Fruit large and regular in shape, tapering slightly toward apex. Skin brightly yellow with rose blush. Flesh fine grained, buttery and juicy. August.

Comice. Skin rich yellow at maturity, often lightly shaded with crimson. Flesh white, fine grained and melting, sweet and rich. Very good. October.

Winter Nelis. This brownish russet fruit is of medium size, rich and aromatic flavor and an excellent keeper. Produces very heavy crops in November.

PECANS

\$4.50 and up

Mahan. Vigorous tree producing very large nuts with paper-thin shells and richly flavored kernels. The tree bears young, is also good for shade.

DWARF FRUIT TREES

Priced: \$3.75 and up

are the answer to the fruit needs of the small family. They are quick-maturing, productive, long-lived, and should be planted about 10 feet apart. 8-10 feet high full grown by pruning.

Dwarf Fruit Trees Are Available in
APRICOTS, APPLES, PEARS, CHERRIES,
PEACHES, PLUMS

COMBINATION AND ESPALIER FRUIT TREES

(Combination Fruit Trees Are Not Dwarfs) have been developed to provide a variety of fruit on limited space for the average family need. If your lot allows for only a few fruit trees, you can still have an amazing number of varieties, if you plant our Combination fruit trees. Available in

APPLES CHERRIES PEARS



DWARF APPLE TREE

PERSIMMON

\$4.50 and up

Hachiya. The best and most popular variety. Large cone-shaped bright orange-red fruit with sweet, rich, soft flesh. Puckery only when not completely ripe.



SANTA ROSA PLUM

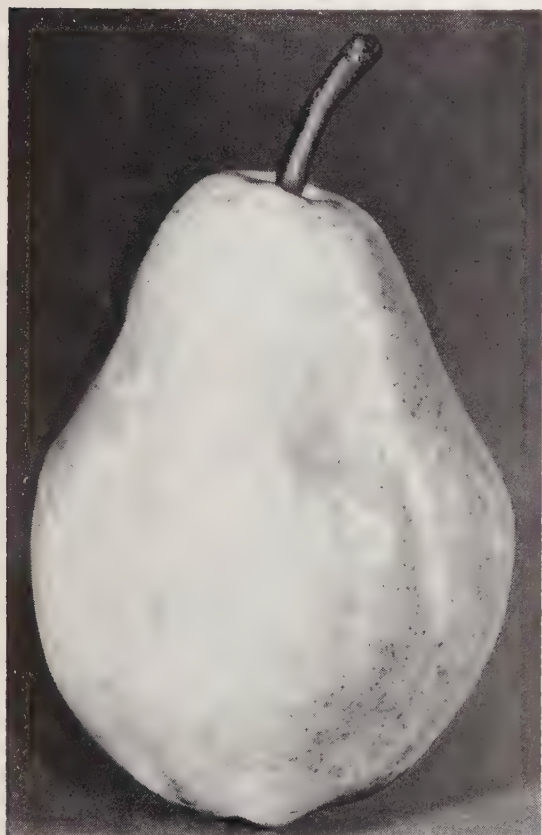
PLUMS

Plums are satisfactory small trees for the home grounds. They bear consistent, good crops, make excellent preserves and some kinds are delicious to eat fresh. A few varieties are listed here.

Santa Rosa. Popular variety with oval fruits, maroon skin and amber flesh. A favorite for home canning use. Late August.

Satsuma. Deep blood red fruits in quantity. August. Should have pollinizer.

Other varieties available.



BARTLETT PEAR

PLANTING TIME IN CALIFORNIA IS ALL THE TIME



GOLD DUST PEACH (Pat. 1144)
(See page 31)

POMEGRANATE

Wonderful. Attractive large shrub with red flowers and attractive odd shaped fruits. Easy to grow, doing very well in dry hot places.



MEYER LEMON

GRAPE VINES for your Garden

We can supply a number of different varieties of grapes that are especially adapted for growth in your yard. They will not only provide you with delicious fruit but also can be trained over fences and arbors to enhance the beauty of your garden. Ask our salesman to suggest the varieties that will be best for you.

Grow Your Own BERRIES

Most berries are very simple to grow and require very little work. You can start in the spring with Strawberries, continue through the summer months with Raspberries, Loganberries, Boysenberries, the delicious Nectarberry, Youngberries, and conclude the season with Blackberries. The different varieties will not only provide enough fruit for your table but will give you a supply for the winter months through freezing and canning. Our competent personnel will be glad to suggest the plant varieties that will produce the best for your soil and conditions.

We also stock Artichoke, Asparagus and Rhubarb roots in season.

FRUIT — continued



FRENCH IMPROVED PRUNE

PRUNES

French Improved. Large deep purple fruits. The standard drying variety. September.

QUINCE

Pineapple. Smooth golden-yellow fruit of white flesh with slight pineapple flavor. For eating and making jelly. September.

Citrus Trees

Are Fruit as Well as Ornamental Trees

ORANGES

Washington Navel. The famous winter ripening orange. Large fruits easily peeled and broken into segments. Thrives best a few miles from the coast. Can be grown any place in California where citrus is grown. December to May.

Valencia Orange. Best summer orange, ripens from April to December after the Navel season is over. Thus ripe oranges can be had through the summer and fall. Juicy, sweet and few seeded.

Robertson Navel (Plant Pat. No. 126). Produces an enormous crop of delicious navel oranges. It is a fine winter orange for home planting. Bears younger and earlier than Washington Navel. Add 50c royalty.

GRAPEFRUIT

Marsh Seedless. Compact growing variety widely planted in California. Fruit juicy, seedless, very good. May-August.

Pink Grapefruit. Identical to Marsh Seedless except flesh is pink or red.

LIMES

Bearss Seedless. Finest and largest of all limes. Seedless, juicy fruits ripen mostly during the summer, when limes are in demand. Large, vigorous and almost thornless.

WALNUTS, ENGLISH

\$3.50 and up

Eureka. Large elongated nuts. Very hardy.

Franquette. The finest walnut for Northern California. Produces high quality nuts and makes a beautiful shade tree.

Hartly English. These are prolific bearers on the coast. Having a deep tap root, they should be planted in deep soil.

Ask us about other varieties of fruits that thrive in this area.

Priced Higher in Containers.



FREEDOM NECTARINE (Pat. 1161)

LEMONS

Eureka. The leading lemon for commercial and home planting. Fruit uniformly medium size, juicy, and few seeded. Most of the fruit is ripened during the summer but bears throughout the year.

Meyer Lemon. Semi-dwarf. Fruit large, oval and deeply orange yellow in color. Hardy throughout most of California. Laden with fruit most of the year. See page 9 for bush variety.

KUMQUAT

Nagami. Semi-dwarf tree giving abundant crops of small egg-shaped golden orange fruits most of the year. Hardy and very ornamental.

AVOCADO

Avocados today are no longer a mere rare delicacy, but an everyday food item. Moreover, the trees are valued for their deep, cool shade. We offer especially popular varieties. \$9.50 up. Fruit does not mature well in colder climates.

Duke. Most resistant to cold, this variety ripens between September and October. Fruits oval and green, flesh pleasantly mild. 22°.

Mexicola. This early-ripening variety (August to September) also is one of the hardiest. Fruits small, shiny purple black and oval. Flesh of excellent quality. The heat and cold resistant tree bears heavily once it starts to fruit, usually second year after planting. 19°.

BEDDING PLANTS--Year-'round Garden Color

PLANTING SEASONS

Most hardy plants can be planted throughout the year. Tender plants are set out during the spring and early summer months.

SUN OR SHADE

Unless otherwise indicated all bedding plants will grow both in full sun and in partial shade.

AGERATUM MIDGET BLUE (Floss Flower)

t-A. 3 to 4 inch plants covered with bright blue flowers all summer. Excellent.

ALYSSUM CARPET OF SNOW. h-A. Four inch plants covered with white blooms during most of the year. Fine border plant.

ALYSSUM VIOLET QUEEN. h-A. Bright violet flowers produced on a six inch bushy plant.

ARCTOTIS GIANT HYBRIDS (African Daisy) h-A. Twelve inch plant, flowers resemble Transvaal Daisies. Wide color range.

ASTER CREGO GIANTS. t-A. Wilt resistant. Fluffy flowers 4 to 5 inches in diameter. All colors, mixed.

ASTER EARLY ROYAL. t-A. Wilt resistant. Medium sized full double flowers. All colors, mixed.

PERENNIAL ASTERS

ASTER FRIKARTI (Wonder of Staffa) h-P. Bushy perennial covered with 2-inch lavender blue flowers during most of the summer and fall.

ASTER BEECHWOOD CHALLENGER (Michaelmas Daisy, also called New England Aster) h-P. Crimson red blooms produced freely during the summer and fall on a 3 ft. plant.

BEGONIAS, Fibrous Rooted (Everblooming Begonia) t-P. The most dependable flowering plant for shade or partial shade. Also good in pots and window boxes.

BEGONIA, Tuberous Rooted. We offer an excellent assortment of Camellia-Flowered Tuberous Begonia seedlings. Strong flat-grown plants, available in a wide range of colors. Other types offered: **Picotee**, **Carnation-flowered**, and **Lloyd**—for hanging baskets.

BELLIS PERENNIS (English Daisy) h-P. Small plants bear a profusion of double flowers during the spring and summer. Fine for borders. Pink, red and white mixture.

CLASSIFICATIONS: A—Annual
h—Hardy B—Biennial
t—Tender P—Perennial

CALENDULA (Winter Marigold) h-A. Large double flowers of orange or yellow produced all winter and spring when planted in the early fall.

CAMPANULA MEDIUM (Canterbury Bells) h-A. Large, bell-shaped flowers in various shades of pink, blue and white. We offer the annual type which blooms the first season. Mixed colors.

CANDYTUFT (Iberis sempervirens) h-P. Dwarf white, perennial Candytuft, about a foot in height. Popular for borders.

CANNAS h-P. Luxurious foliage, large brilliantly colored flowers in profusion all summer. Height 3 to 4 ft.

CARNATIONS. Seedling plants grown in mixed colors.

CENTAUREA JUBILEE GEM (Dwarf Bachelor Button) h-A. Deep blue Bachelor Buttons.

CELOSIA CRISTATA (Cockscomb) t-A. Crested blood red flowers resembling a cock's comb in form though in texture they are like plush or chenille.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS, Annual Summer Mums. t-A. 2 foot plants blooming in profusion during the summer. A veritable rainbow of colors.

CINERARIA HYBRIDA. h-A. Shade. Huge flowers on compact base-branching plants in a beautiful array of colors. Mixed.

COLUMBINE Long Spurred Hybrids. h-P. Shade or partial shade. One of the most graceful of the spring flowering perennials. Dainty, fairy-like flowers in shades of pink, blue, yellow and red. Mixed.

CORAL BELLS. h-P. Shade or sun. Compact, low growing border plant bearing clusters of graceful crimson flowers.

COSMOS Radiance. t-A. A striking new color combination of deep rose petals, overlaid with a well defined zone of rich crimson.

COSMOS Sensation. t-A. These Early Giant Cosmos produce flowers 3 to 4 inches across in shades of red, white and pink. Will bloom during summer and fall.

DAHLIAS Unwin's Dwarf Hybrids. t-A. Double and semi-double flowers during the summer and fall months on 18 to 24 inch plants. One of the most satisfactory bedding plants. All colors, mixed.

DAISIES. h-P. These hardy, everblooming double-flowered Daisies are one of the finest and most dependable cut flowers available for your garden. Keep them picked and they will bloom all summer and fall.

Esther Reed. Pure white, vigorous, and free-flowering.

Marconi. Great shaggy 4 inch flowers, snow white, yellow center.



DAHLIA FLOWERED ZINNIA

PETUNIAS and MARIGOLDS in Mass Planting



ANNUAL PHLOX, MIXED



SHASTA DAISY



BEDDING PLANTS — concluded



PANSY, SWISS GIANT MIXED

DELPHINIUMS

DELPHINIUM Dwarf Chinese. h-P. Blue Mirror is a new Chinese Delphinium freely producing navy blue flowers without spurs. Height 1½ to 2 ft. and excellent for groups, borders and cutting.

DELPHINIUM Pacific Giants. h-P. These are recognized as the most beautiful of all giant Delphinium. Available in light blue, deep blue, lavender, pink and white.

DICENTRA SPECTABILIS (Bleeding Heart) h-P. Prefers shade. Long racemes of graceful heart-shaped pink flowers.

FORGET-ME-NOTS. h-P. Shade or partial shade. Dainty deep blue flowers on a dwarf bushy plant.

FOXGLOVES. h-B. Shade or partial shade. Tall spikes of bell shaped flowers in a variety of colors.

GAILLARDIA GIANT DOUBLE. h-A. Full double, medium sized flowers in a variety of colors including yellow, orange and red with contrasting stripes or markings.

GAZANIA. h-P. Hardy, dwarf plants for borders and parking strips. Bright, daisy-like flowers in yellow or orange.

GERBERA JAMESONI (Transvaal Daisy). t-P. A beautiful, long-lasting cut flower, these daisies bloom freely in a color range from white and yellow through orange, pink and red.

GEUM. h-P. Geums are colorful and free-flowering. A good cut flower produced on an attractive plant. We offer *Lady Stratheden* (double yellow) and *Mrs. Bradshaw* (double red).

HOLLYHOCKS. h-P. Double Hollyhocks are one of the most colorful background subjects for your garden. They prefer full sun. Best results are obtained by planting new ones each season.

LARKSPUR Giant Double Imperial. h-A. This base branching Larkspur produces many tall graceful spikes of colorful double flowers. Beautiful in the garden and good for cutting. Mixed colors.

LOBELIA. t-A. Attractive edging plant covered with blue flowers during summer and fall. Height approximately 4 to 6 inches.

MARGUERITES. t-P. A very attractive, bushy plant covered with daisy-like flowers during most of the year. Excellent for cutting. Yellow or white.

MARIGOLDS

t-A. Marigolds come in every known shade of yellow, orange and mahogany red. They are colorful and dependable. A must in every garden. We have dwarf types for the border and tall varieties for the background. They will bloom throughout the summer and fall.

DWARF TYPES (Dwarf Double French)

Spry. Yellow crested center with guard petals mahogany red.

Sunkist. Deep orange blooms on a compact, dwarf plant.

Yellow Pygmy. Double bright yellow blooms on a compact 8 inch plant.

GIANT CARNATION FLOWERED

Orange Supreme. Deep orange 4 to 5 inch blooms on long stems.

Yellow Supreme. Large lemon yellow bloom of honey fragrance.

MESEMBRYANTHEMUM (Ice Plant) t-P. Colorful, low growing perennial for ground covers and steep banks. Large daisy-like flowers in shades of orange, pink and red.

NIEREMBERGIA PURPLE ROBE (Cup Flower) h-P. Rich violet purple flowers during the summer on a dwarf, compact plant. Good for borders, pots and baskets.

PANSIES. h-A. This popular plant needs little description. We offer the giant flowered type in a wide range of colors. Mixed colors.

PENSTEMON SENSATION MIXED. h-P. Attractive bell-shaped flowers produced on strong spikes. Mixed colors.

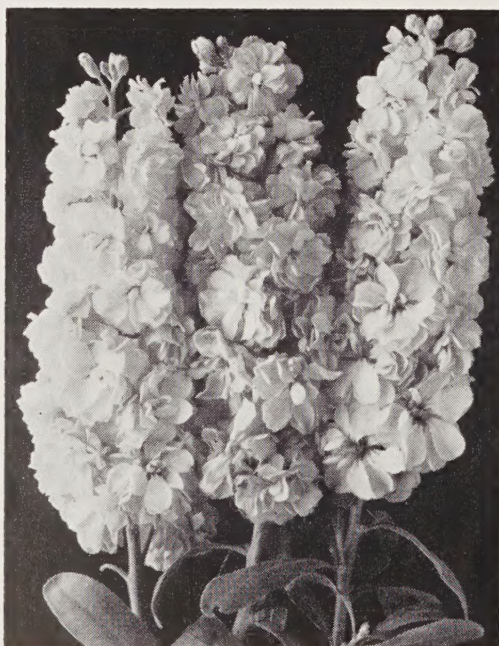
PETUNIAS. The most colorful plant in the summer garden. Dwarf, compact plants covered with blooms throughout the summer and fall.

PHLOX DRUMMONDI Dwarf Mixed. h-A. Large flowered on dwarf plants. Mixed colors.

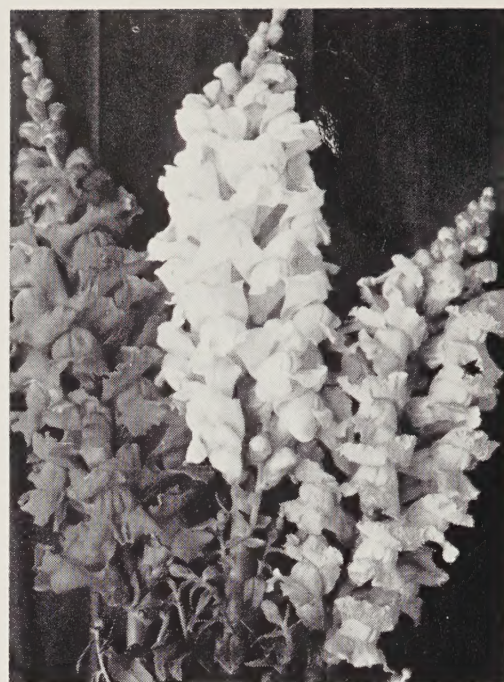
PORTULACA Double Mixed (Moss Rose) t-A. A brilliant carpet for sunny spots. Flowers like little roses. All colors, mixed.

PRIMULA Polyanthus (English Primrose) h-P. Produce giant flowers on a stiff stalk in a wonderful range of colors. An excellent border plant for shade or partial shade. Blue, yellow, mixed.

PYRETHRUM ROSEUM (Painted Daisy) h-P. Shade or partial shade. Good sized flowers in shades of pink, rose and red.



STOCKS, GIANT IMPERIAL



TETRA SNAPDRAGON

RANUNCULUS Camellia Flowered. Double flowers in shades of yellow, red and pink. Plant bulbs in the fall or plants during the winter or early spring. Mixed color plants grown from bulbs.

SALPIGLOSSIS. t-A. Trumpet shaped flowers, rich in deep color tones set off by veins of gold. Very striking plants growing to a height of 30 inches. All colors, mixed.

SALVIA FARINACEA (Blue Bedder) t-P. 2½-3 ft. A true Wedgwood blue. A splendid background for all other colors in the border, and can be dried as an everlasting. Try it planted behind pink Petunias.

SALVIA SPLENDENS AMERICA (Scarlet Sage) t-A. A dwarf scarlet, early flowering Salvia which should bloom during the summer and fall. Brilliant in the garden and in window boxes. Good for cutting.

SNAPDRAGONS

Rust Resistant Maximum or Super Giants. h-A. 2½ ft. An excellent strain for bedding as well as for cutting.

Snapdragons Tetra. h-A. 2½ ft. A new strain. Larger flowers, thicker petals attractively ruffled, more florets open at one time, heavier stems and sturdier plants.

STOCKS. Early Giant Imperial. h-A. 2½ ft. Base branching, free flowering stocks with a high percentage of doubles, delightful in the garden and for cutting. They prefer sunshine and must have good drainage.

SWEET WILLIAMS. h-P. An excellent border plant and cut flower.

VERBENA HYBRIDA GIGANTEA. t-A. 12 inches. A favorite ground cover for sunny locations. Flowers are large and brilliant.

VIOLAS. h-A. 6 inches. Similar to Pansies, the blooms are smaller and more profuse.

VINCA (Madagascar Periwinkle) t-A. 18 inches. Sun or partial shade. 1 to 1½ inch blooms borne freely all summer.

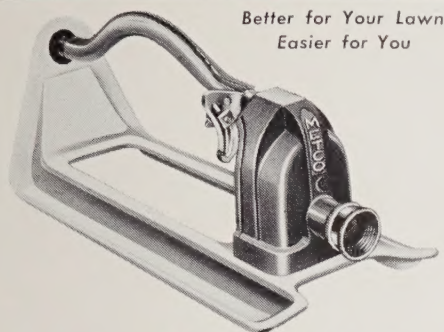
WALLFLOWER Double Annual Mixed. h-A. 18 inches. Double fragrant flowers in shades of yellow, brown and bronze.

ZINNIAS

t-A. Colorful and free flowering, for bedding and cut flowers.

Dahlia Flowered Mixed. 2½ ft. Immense, full double blooms.

Lilliput Pompon Zinnias. 18 inches. Small sized, double blooms.



Better for Your Lawn
Easier for You

METCO WAVE SPRINKLERS

Water a Larger Area Than Any Other Type of Lawn Sprinklers

Easier for you — Yes, Sir! The METCO waters an area up to 2700 square feet (that's 60x45 feet). When you want to move it, no need to turn the water off. It's adjustable, too. Can water right up to the side of the house without getting the house wet.

Better for your lawn — that's right. METCO Sprinklers throw out big, rain-like drops that soak down to the grass roots. No spray that evaporates into the air, or just wets the surface. As METCO's rain-like curtain moves slowly back and forth, it gives the water time to soak down to the roots and forms a strong, healthy, emerald green carpet. No puddles — no run-offs.

Model J — \$9.95. Waters an area of 2000 square feet (40'x50'). Rugged bonderized steel frame.

Model M — \$12.95. Waters an area of 2000 square feet (40'x50'). Light, strong, aluminum tube frame.

Model R — \$14.95. An all new METCO. Waters an area of 2310 square feet (42'x55'). Built-in filter, Protecto-jet spray tube.

Model 2S — \$19.95. Waters an area of 2700 square feet (45'x60'). Exceptionally powerful motor. Special 2 1/2 inch brass filter screen. New design and construction.

BRADSON Garden Sprayers

**Go on Garden Hose
Water Does the Work**

So easy! Simply put spray material as directed in jar, fill balance of jar with water, attach sprayer like a nozzle on hose and spray away! Handle any material you mix with water to apply, liquid or powder, without clogging, on any water pressure; clean in 30 seconds; are fully guaranteed.

FOR INSECTICIDES, FUNGICIDES FOLIAGE FEEDING, WEED KILLERS

Insect-O-Gun (illustrated) — Deluxe pistol grip model. Sprays 6 gal. Has exclusive automatic control valve; water pressure holds on or off as set. **\$5.95**

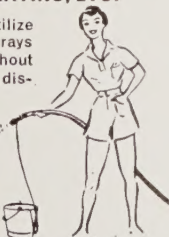
Gard-N-Gun — 3 gal. capacity, with Bradson control valve but not pistol grip. **\$3.95**

Bug Gun — 1-1/2 gal. capacity. Continuous flow type. An easy-to-use sprayer at the price of a 2 quart hand pump sprayer. **\$2.65**

FOR VOLUME APPLICATION: FERTILIZER LAWN TREATMENTS, TREE SPRAYING, ETC.

Gro-Gun — 20 gal. capacity. Fertilize an average lawn in only 13 minutes! Sprays any material, liquid or powder, without clogging. Many uses: car washing, disinfecting animal pens, etc. **\$2.95**

Lawn Gun (illustrated) — Unlimited capacity. No jar; it draws spray material from bucket, sprays large areas fast. Ideal for small orchards, large lawns, heavy shrubs and ornamental trees. **\$1.95**

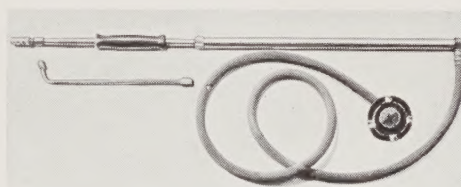


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PINK WISTERIA (Page 29)



CEANOTHUS IMPRESSUS (Page 13)



RAPHIOLEPIS
COATES' CRIMSON
(Page 10)

AZALEA INDICA (Page 27)

